# Union Calendar No. 93

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2511

[Report No. 107-157]

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives to encourage energy conservation, energy reliability, and energy production.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 17, 2001

Mr. McCrery introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

July 24, 2001

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]  $\[$ 

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on July 17, 2001]

# A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives to encourage energy conservation, energy reliability, and energy production.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "En-
- 3 ergy Tax Policy Act of 2001".
- 4 (b) Amendment of 1986 Code.—Except as otherwise
- 5 expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or
- 6 repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal
- 7 of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be consid-
- 8 ered to be made to a section or other provision of the Inter-
- 9 nal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 10 (c) Table of Contents of this
- 11 Act is as follows:

#### TITLE I—CONSERVATION

- Sec. 101. Credit for residential solar energy property.
- Sec. 102. Extension and expansion of credit for electricity produced from renewable resources.
- Sec. 103. Credit for qualified stationary fuel cell powerplants.
- Sec. 104. Alternative motor vehicle credit.
- Sec. 105. Extension of deduction for certain refueling property.
- Sec. 106. Modification of credit for qualified electric vehicles.
- Sec. 107. Tax credit for energy efficient appliances.
- Sec. 108. Credit for energy efficiency improvements to existing homes.
- Sec. 109. Business credit for construction of new energy efficient home.
- Sec. 110. Allowance of deduction for energy efficient commercial building property.
- Sec. 111. Allowance of deduction for qualified energy management devices and retrofitted qualified meters.
- Sec. 112. 3-year applicable recovery period for depreciation of qualified energy management devices.
- Sec. 113. Energy credit for combined heat and power system property.
- Sec. 114. New nonrefundable personal credits allowed against regular and minimum taxes.
- Sec. 115. Phaseout of 4.3-cent motor fuel excise taxes on railroads and inland waterway transportation which remain in general fund.
- Sec. 116. Reduced motor fuel excise tax on certain mixtures of diesel fuel.
- Sec. 117. Credit for investment in qualifying advanced clean coal technology.
- Sec. 118. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

#### TITLE II—RELIABILITY

- Sec. 201. Natural gas gathering lines treated as 7-year property.
- Sec. 202. Natural gas distribution lines treated as 10-year property.
- Sec. 203. Petroleum refining property treated as 7-year property.

- Sec. 204. Expensing of capital costs incurred in complying with environmental protection agency sulfur regulations.
- Sec. 205. Environmental tax credit.
- Sec. 206. Determination of small refiner exception to oil depletion deduction.
- Sec. 207. Tax-exempt bond financing of certain electric facilities.
- Sec. 208. Sales or dispositions to implement Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or State electric restructuring policy.
- Sec. 209. Distributions of stock to implement Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or State electric restructuring policy.
- Sec. 210. Modifications to special rules for nuclear decommissioning costs.
- Sec. 211. Treatment of certain income of cooperatives.
- Sec. 212. Repeal of requirement of certain approved terminals to offer dyed diesel fuel and kerosene for nontaxable purposes.
- Sec. 213. Arbitrage rules not to apply to prepayments for natural gas.

#### TITLE III—PRODUCTION

- Sec. 301. Oil and gas from marginal wells.
- Sec. 302. Temporary suspension of limitation based on 65 percent of taxable income and extension of suspension of taxable income limit with respect to marginal production.
- Sec. 303. Deduction for delay rental payments.
- Sec. 304. Election to expense geological and geophysical expenditures.
- Sec. 305. 5-year net operating loss carryback for losses attributable to operating mineral interests of oil and gas producers.
- Sec. 306. Extension and modification of credit for producing fuel from a nonconventional source.
- Sec. 307. Business related energy credits allowed against regular and minimum tax.
- Sec. 308. Temporary repeal of alternative minimum tax preference for intangible drilling costs.
- Sec. 309. Allowance of enhanced recovery credit against the alternative minimum tax.
- Sec. 310. Extension of certain benefits for energy-related businesses on Indian reservations.

# 1 TITLE I—CONSERVATION

- 2 SEC. 101. CREDIT FOR RESIDENTIAL SOLAR ENERGY PROP-
- 3 ERTY.
- 4 (a) In General.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter
- 5 A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal credits)
- 6 is amended by inserting after section 25B the following new
- 7 section:

## 1 "SEC. 25C. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR ENERGY PROPERTY.

2	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi-
3	vidual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
4	imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount
5	equal to the sum of—
6	"(1) 15 percent of the qualified photovoltaic
7	property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
8	such year, and
9	"(2) 15 percent of the qualified solar water heat-
10	ing property expenditures made by the taxpayer dur-
11	ing the taxable year.
12	"(b) Limitations.—
13	"(1) Maximum credit.—The credit allowed
14	under subsection (a) shall not exceed—
15	"(A) \$2,000 for each system of property de-
16	scribed in subsection $(c)(1)$ , and
17	"(B) \$2,000 for each system of property de-
18	scribed in subsection $(c)(2)$ .
19	"(2) Safety certifications.—No credit shall
20	be allowed under this section for an item of property
21	unless—
22	"(A) in the case of solar water heating
23	equipment, such equipment is certified for per-
24	formance and safety by the non-profit Solar Rat-
25	ing Certification Corporation or a comparable

1	entity endorsed by the government of the State
2	in which such property is installed, and
3	"(B) in the case of a photovoltaic system,
4	such system meets appropriate fire and electric
5	code requirements.
6	"(3) Limitation based on amount of tax.—
7	The credit allowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
8	able year shall not exceed the excess of—
9	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as
10	defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by
11	section 55, over
12	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable under
13	this subpart (other than this section and sections
14	23, 25D, and 25E) and section 27 for the taxable
15	year.
16	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
17	"(1) Qualified solar water heating prop-
18	ERTY EXPENDITURE.—The term 'qualified solar water
19	heating property expenditure' means an expenditure
20	for property to heat water for use in a dwelling unit
21	located in the United States and used as a residence
22	if at least half of the energy used by such property
23	for such purpose is derived from the sun.
24	"(2) Qualified photovoltaic property ex-
25	PENDITURE.—The term 'qualified photovoltaic prop-

- erty expenditure' means an expenditure for property
  that uses solar energy to generate electricity for use
  in a dwelling unit.
  - "(3) Solar panel or other property installed as a roof (or portion thereof) shall fail to be treated as property described in paragraph (1) or (2) solely because it constitutes a structural component of the structure on which it is installed.
    - "(4) LABOR COSTS.—Expenditures for labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property described in paragraph (1) or (2) and for piping or wiring to interconnect such property to the dwelling unit shall be taken into account for purposes of this section.
    - "(5) SWIMMING POOLS, ETC., USED AS STORAGE
      MEDIUM.—Expenditures which are properly allocable
      to a swimming pool, hot tub, or any other energy
      storage medium which has a function other than the
      function of such storage shall not be taken into account for purposes of this section.

### 23 "(d) Special Rules.—

"(1) DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN CASE OF JOINT OCCU-PANCY.—In the case of any dwelling unit which is

jointly occupied and used during any calendar year as a residence by 2 or more individuals the following shall apply:

"(A) The amount of the credit allowable under subsection (a) by reason of expenditures (as the case may be) made during such calendar year by any of such individuals with respect to such dwelling unit shall be determined by treating all of such individuals as 1 taxpayer whose taxable year is such calendar year.

"(B) There shall be allowable with respect to such expenditures to each of such individuals, a credit under subsection (a) for the taxable year in which such calendar year ends in an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount determined under subparagraph (A) as the amount of such expenditures made by such individual during such calendar year bears to the aggregate of such expenditures made by all of such individuals during such calendar year.

"(2) Tenant-stockholder in cooperative Housing corporation.—In the case of an individual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in section 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in such section), such individual shall be treated

1 as having made his tenant-stockholder's proportionate 2 share (as defined in section 216(b)(3)) of any expenditures of such corporation. 3 4

### "(3) Condominiums.—

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- "(A) In General.—In the case of an individual who is a member of a condominium management association with respect to a condominium which he owns, such individual shall be treated as having made his proportionate share of any expenditures of such association.
- "(B) Condominium management associa-TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'condominium management association' means an organization which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other than subparagraph (E) thereof) with respect to a condominium project substantially all of the units of which are used as residences.
- "(4) Allocation in Certain Cases.—If less than 80 percent of the use of an item is for nonbusiness purposes, only that portion of the expenditures for such item which is properly allocable to use for nonbusiness purposes shall be taken into account.
- "(5) When expenditure made; amount of EXPENDITURE.—

1	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
2	subparagraph (B), an expenditure with respect
3	to an item shall be treated as made when the
4	original installation of the item is completed.
5	"(B) Expenditures part of building
6	CONSTRUCTION.—In the case of an expenditure
7	in connection with the construction or recon-
8	struction of a structure, such expenditure shall be
9	treated as made when the original use of the con-
10	structed or reconstructed structure by the tax-
11	payer begins.
12	"(C) Amount.—The amount of any expend-
13	iture shall be the cost thereof.
14	"(6) Property financed by subsidized en-
15	ERGY FINANCING.—For purposes of determining the
16	amount of expenditures made by any individual with
17	respect to any dwelling unit, there shall not be taken
18	in to account expenditures which are made from sub-
19	sidized energy financing (as defined in section
20	48(a)(4)(A)).
21	"(e) Basis Adjustments.—For purposes of this sub-
22	title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-

23 penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the

24 basis of such property which would (but for this subsection)

- result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount of the credit so allowed. 3 "(f) TERMINATION.—The credit allowed under this section shall not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006 (December 31, 2008, with respect to qualified photovoltaic property expenditures).". 7 (b) Conforming Amendments.— 8 (1) Subsection (a) of section 1016 is amended by 9 striking "and" at the end of paragraph (27), by strik-10 ing the period at the end of paragraph (28) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-11 12 lowing new paragraph: 13 "(29) to the extent provided in section 25C(e), in 14 the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has 15 been allowed under section 25C.". 16 (2) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV 17 of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting 18 after the item relating to section 25B the following 19 new item: "Sec. 25C. Residential solar energy property.".
- 20 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this 21 section shall apply to taxable years ending after December 22 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 102. EXTENSION AND EXPANSION OF CREDIT FOR
2	ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM RENEWABLE
3	RESOURCES.
4	(a) Extension of Credit for Wind and Closed-
5	Loop Biomass Facilities.—Subparagraphs (A) and (B)
6	of section $45(c)(3)$ are each amended by striking "2002"
7	and inserting "2007".
8	(b) Expansion of Credit for Open-loop biomass
9	AND LANDFILL GAS FACILITIES.—Paragraph (3) of section
10	45(c) is amended by adding at the end the following new
11	subparagraphs:
12	"(D) Open-loop biomass facilities.—In
13	the case of a facility using open-loop biomass to
14	produce electricity, the term 'qualified facility'
15	means any facility owned by the taxpayer which
16	is originally placed in service before January 1,
17	2007.
18	"(E) Landfill gas facilities.—In the
19	case of a facility producing electricity from gas
20	derived from the biodegradation of municipal
21	solid waste, the term 'qualified facility' means
22	any facility owned by the taxpayer which is
23	originally placed in service before January 1,
24	2007.".

1	(c) Definition and Special Rules.—Subsection (c)
2	of section 45 is amended by adding at the end the following
3	new paragraphs:
4	"(5) Open-loop biomass.—The term 'open-loop
5	biomass' means any solid, nonhazardous, cellulosic
6	waste material which is segregated from other waste
7	materials and which is derived from—
8	"(A) any of the following forest-related re-
9	sources: mill residues, precommercial thinnings,
10	slash, and brush, but not including old-growth
11	timber,
12	"(B) solid wood waste materials, including
13	waste pallets, crates, dunnage, manufacturing
14	and construction wood wastes (other than pres-
15	sure-treated, chemically-treated, or painted wood
16	wastes), and landscape or right-of-way tree trim-
17	mings, but not including municipal solid waste
18	(garbage), gas derived from the biodegradation of
19	solid waste, or paper that is commonly recycled,
20	or
21	"(C) agriculture sources, including orchard
22	tree crops, vineyard, grain, legumes, sugar, and
23	other crop by-products or residues.
24	Such term shall not include closed-loop biomass.

1	"(6) REDUCED CREDIT FOR CERTAIN
2	PREEFFECTIVE DATE FACILITIES.—In the case of any
3	facility described in subparagraph (D) or (E) of
4	paragraph (3) which is placed in service before the
5	date of the enactment of this subparagraph—
6	"(A) subsection (a)(1) shall be applied by
7	substituting '1.0 cents' for '1.5 cents', and
8	"(B) the 5-year period beginning on the
9	date of the enactment of this paragraph shall be
10	substituted in lieu of the 10-year period in sub-
11	section $(a)(2)(A)(ii)$ .
12	"(7) Limit on reductions for grants, etc.,
13	FOR OPEN-LOOP BIOMASS FACILITIES.—If the amount
14	of the credit determined under subsection (a) with re-
15	spect to any open-loop biomass facility is required to
16	be reduced under paragraph (3) of subsection (b), the
17	fraction under such paragraph shall in no event be
18	greater than 4/5.
19	"(8) Coordination with Section 29.—The
20	term 'qualified facility' shall not include any facility
21	the production from which is allowed as a credit
22	under section 29 for the taxable year or any prior
23	taxable year.".

1	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the
3	enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 103. CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED STATIONARY FUEL CELL
5	POWERPLANTS.
6	(a) Business Property.—
7	(1) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
8	48(a)(3) (defining energy property) is amended by
9	striking "or" at the end of clause (i), by adding "or"
10	at the end of clause (ii), and by inserting after clause
11	(ii) the following new clause:
12	"(iii) equipment which is part of a
13	qualified stationary fuel cell powerplant,".
14	(2) Qualified stationary fuel cell power-
15	PLANT.—Subsection (a) of section 48 is amended by
16	redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs
17	(5) and (6), respectively, and by inserting after para-
18	graph (3) the following new paragraph:
19	"(4) Qualified stationary fuel cell power-
20	PLANT.—For purposes of this subsection—
21	"(A) In General.—The term 'qualified sta-
22	tionary fuel cell powerplant' means a stationary
23	fuel cell power plant that has an electricity-only
24	generation efficiency greater than 30 percent.

1	"(B) Limitation.—In the case of qualified
2	stationary fuel cell powerplant placed in service
3	during the taxable year, the credit under sub-
4	section (a) for such year may not exceed \$1,000
5	for each kilowatt of capacity.
6	"(C) Stationary fuel cell power
7	PLANT.—The term 'stationary fuel cell power
8	plant' means an integrated system comprised of
9	a fuel cell stack assembly and associated balance
10	of plant components that converts a fuel into
11	electricity using electrochemical means.
12	"(D) Termination.—Such term shall not
13	include any property placed in service after De-
14	cember 31, 2006."
15	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
16	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
17	service after December 31, 2001, under rules similar
18	to the rules of section 48(m) of the Internal Revenue
19	Code of 1986 (as in effect on the day before the date
20	of the enactment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of
21	1990).
22	(b) Nonbusiness Property.—
23	(1) In general.—Subpart A of part IV of sub-
24	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable per-

1	sonal credits) is amended by inserting after section
2	25C the following new section:
3	"SEC. 25D. NONBUSINESS QUALIFIED STATIONARY FUEL
4	CELL POWERPLANT.
5	"(a) In General.—In the case of an individual, there
6	shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this
7	chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 10 percent
8	of the qualified stationary fuel cell powerplant expenditures
9	which are paid or incurred during such year.
10	"(b) Limitations.—
11	"(1) In general.—The credit allowed under
12	subsection (a) for the taxable year and all prior tax-
13	able years shall not exceed \$1,000 for each kilowatt og
14	capacity.
15	"(2) Limitation based on amount of tax.—
16	The credit allowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
17	able year shall not exceed the excess of—
18	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as
19	defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by
20	section 55, over
21	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable under
22	this subpart (other than this section and sections
23	23 and 25E) and section 27 for the taxable year.
24	"(c) Qualified Stationary Fuel Cell Power-
25	PLANT EXPENDITURES.—For purposes of this section, the

term 'qualified stationary fuel cell powerplant expenditures' means expenditures by the taxpayer for any qualified stationary fuel cell powerplant (as defined in section 3 4 48(a)(4)— "(1) which meets the requirements of subpara-5 6 graphs (B) and (D) of section 48(a)(3), and 7 "(2) which is installed on or in connection with 8 a dwelling unit— "(A) which is located in the United States, 9 10 and 11 "(B) which is used by the taxpayer as a res-12 idence. Such term includes expenditures for labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original in-14 15 stallation of the property. 16 "(d) Special Rules.—For purposes of this section, rules similar to the rules of section 25C(d) shall apply. 18 "(e) Basis Adjustments.—For purposes of this subtitle, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-19 penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the 21 basis of such property which would (but for this subsection) result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount 23 of the credit so allowed. 24 "(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to

any expenditure made after December 31, 2006.".

1	(2) Conforming Amendments.—
2	(A) Subsection (a) of section 1016 is
3	amended by striking "and" at the end of para-
4	graph (28), by striking the period at the end of
5	paragraph (29) and inserting ", and", and by
6	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
7	"(30) to the extent provided in section $25D(e)$ , in
8	the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has
9	been allowed under section 25D.".
10	(B) The table of sections for subpart A of
11	part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended
12	by inserting after the item relating to section
13	25C the following new item:
	"Sec. 25D. Nonbusiness qualified stationary fuel cell powerplant.".
14	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
15	by this subsection shall apply to expenditures paid or
16	incurred after December 31, 2001.
17	SEC. 104. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
18	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of subchapter
19	A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.) is amend-
20	ed by adding at the end the following:
21	"SEC. 30B. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
22	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be allowed
23	as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the
24	taxable year an amount equal to the sum of—

1	"(1) the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle
2	credit determined under subsection (b),
3	"(2) the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle cred-
4	it determined under subsection (c),
5	"(3) the new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
6	hicle credit determined under subsection (d), and
7	"(4) the advanced lean burn technology motor
8	vehicle credit determined under subsection (e).
9	"(b) New Qualified Fuel Cell Motor Vehicle
10	Credit.—
11	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
12	(a), the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle credit de-
13	termined under this subsection with respect to a new
14	qualified fuel cell motor vehicle placed in service by
15	the taxpayer during the taxable year is—
16	"(A) \$4,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
17	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
18	pounds,
19	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
20	hicle weight rating of more than 8,500 pounds
21	but not more than 14,000 pounds,
22	"(C) \$20,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
23	hicle weight rating of more than 14,000 pounds
24	but not more than 26,000 pounds, and

1	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
2	hicle weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
3	"(2) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
4	"(A) In general.—The amount determined
5	under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to a new
6	qualified fuel cell motor vehicle which is a pas-
7	senger automobile or light truck shall be in-
8	creased by—
9	"(i) \$1,000, if such vehicle achieves at
10	least 150 percent but less than 175 percent
11	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
12	"(ii) \$1,500, if such vehicle achieves at
13	least 175 percent but less than 200 percent
14	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
15	"(iii) \$2,000, if such vehicle achieves
16	at least 200 percent but less than 225 per-
17	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
18	omy,
19	"(iv) \$2,500, if such vehicle achieves at
20	least 225 percent but less than 250 percent
21	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
22	"(v) \$3,000, if such vehicle achieves at
23	least 250 percent but less than 275 percent
24	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,

1	"(vi) \$3,500, if such vehicle act	hieves at
2	least 275 percent but less than 300	percent
3	of the 2000 model year city fuel e	conomy,
4	and	
5	"(vii) \$4,000, if such vehicle	achieves
6	at least 300 percent of the 2000 mo	del year
7	city fuel economy.	
8	"(B) 2000 model year city fue.	L ECON-
9	OMY.—For purposes of subparagraph	(A) the
10	2000 model year city fuel economy with	n respect
11	to a vehicle shall be determined in accordance	
12	with the following tables:	
10	"(i) In the case of a passeng	,
13	(1) In the case of a passeng	er auto-
13 14	(i) In the case of a passeng mobile:	er auto-
	mobile:  "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:	
	mobile:  "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg
	mobile:  "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg
	mobile:  "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,500 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs         3,000 lbs       3,000 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs         3,000 lbs       3,500 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs         3,000 lbs       3,000 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs         3,000 lbs       3,500 lbs         4,000 lbs       4,000 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg
	mobile:         "If vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year class is: economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       economy is:         2,000 lbs       2,250 lbs         2,500 lbs       2,750 lbs         3,000 lbs       3,500 lbs         4,000 lbs       4,500 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg
	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs economy is:  2,000 lbs economy is:  2,500 lbs economy is:  2,750 lbs economy is:  3,000 lbs economy is:  4,000 lbs economy is:  4,500 lbs ec	43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg
	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg
	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs economy is:  2,000 lbs economy is:  2,500 lbs economy is:  2,750 lbs economy is:  3,000 lbs economy is:  4,000 lbs economy is:  4,500 lbs ec	43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg
	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg 11.1 mpg.
114	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs 2,000 lbs 2,250 lbs 2,500 lbs 2,750 lbs 3,000 lbs 3,500 lbs 4,000 lbs 4,500 lbs 5,500 lbs 5,000 lbs 6,500 lbs 6,500 lbs 7,000 or 8,500 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg 11.1 mpg.
114	### The 2000 model year class is: economy is:  1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg 11.1 mpg.
114	### The 2000 model year class is:    1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg 11.1 mpg.  4:  city fuel
114	### The 2000 model year class is:    1,500 or 1,750 lbs	city fuel  43.7 mpg 38.3 mpg 34.1 mpg 30.7 mpg 27.9 mpg 25.6 mpg 22.0 mpg 19.3 mpg 17.2 mpg 15.5 mpg 14.1 mpg 12.9 mpg 11.9 mpg 11.1 mpg.  4:  city fuel 37.6 mpg

	"If	vehicle inertia weight The 2000 model year city fuel class is:  economy is:
		2,750 lbs
		3,000 lbs
		4,000 lbs
		4,500 lbs
		5,000 lbs
		5,500 lbs
		6,000 lbs
		7,000 or 8,500 lbs
1		"(C) Vehicle inertia weight class.—
2		For purposes of subparagraph (B), the term 've-
3		hicle inertia weight class' has the same meaning
4		as when defined in regulations prescribed by the
5		Administrator of the Environmental Protection
6		Agency for purposes of the administration of title
7		II of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521 et seq.).
8		"(3) New qualified fuel cell motor vehi-
9		CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'new
10		qualified fuel cell motor vehicle' means a motor
11		vehicle—
12		"(A) which is propelled by power derived
13		from one or more cells which convert chemical
14		energy directly into electricity by combining ox-
15		ygen with hydrogen fuel which is stored on board
16		the vehicle in any form and may or may not re-
17		quire reformation prior to use,
18		"(B) which, in the case of a passenger auto-
19		mobile or light truck—

1	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
2	has received a certificate of conformity
3	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-
4	ceeds the equivalent qualifying California
5	low emission vehicle standard under section
6	243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for that make
7	and model year, and
8	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehicles,
9	has received a certificate that such vehicle
10	meets or exceeds the Tier II emission level
11	established in regulations prescribed by the
12	Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
13	tion Agency under section 202(i) of the
14	Clean Air Act for that make and model year
15	vehicle,
16	"(C) the original use of which commences
17	with the taxpayer,
18	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
19	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
20	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
21	"(c) New Qualified Hybrid Motor Vehicle Cred-
22	IT.—
23	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
24	(a), the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle credit de-
25	termined under this subsection with respect to a new

1	qualified hybrid motor vehicle placed in service by the
2	taxpayer during the taxable year is the credit amount
3	determined under paragraph (2).
4	"(2) Credit amount.—
5	"(A) In General.—The credit amount de-
6	termined under this paragraph shall be deter-
7	mined in accordance with the following tables:
8	"(i) In the case of a new qualified hy-
9	brid motor vehicle which is a passenger
10	automobile or light truck and which pro-
11	vides the following percentage of the max-
12	imum available power:
	"If percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is: At least 2.5 percent but less than 10 percent
13	"(ii) In the case of a new qualified hy-
14	brid motor vehicle which is a heavy duty
15	hybrid motor vehicle and which provides the
16	following percentage of the maximum avail-
17	able power:
18	"(I) If such vehicle has a gross ve-
19	hicle weight rating of not more than
20	14,000 pounds:
	"If percentage of the max- The credit amount is: imum available power is:  At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent

		250 500.
1	"(II) If such vehicle has a gr	·oss
2	vehicle weight rating of more th	ıan
3	14,000 but not more than 26,0	000
4	pounds:	
	At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent	000 500 000 500 000.
5	"(III) If such vehicle has a gr	OSS
6	vehicle weight rating of more th	ıan
7	26,000 pounds:	
	At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent	000 000 000 000 000.
8	"(B) Increase for fuel efficiency.—	
9	"(i) Amount.—The amount det	ter-
10	mined under subparagraph (A)(i) with	re-
11	spect to a passenger automobile or li	ght
12	truck shall be increased by—	
13	"(I) \$1,000, if such vehi	icle
14	achieves at least 125 percent but l	less
15	than 150 percent of the 2000 mo	del
16	year city fuel economy,	

1	"(II) \$1,500, if such vehicle
2	achieves at least 150 percent but less
3	than 175 percent of the 2000 model
4	year city fuel economy,
5	"(III) \$2,000, if such vehicle
6	achieves at least 175 percent but less
7	than 200 percent of the 2000 model
8	year city fuel economy,
9	"(IV) \$2,500, if such vehicle
10	achieves at least 200 percent but less
11	than 225 percent of the 2000 model
12	year city fuel economy,
13	"(V) \$3,000, if such vehicle
14	achieves at least 225 percent but less
15	than 250 percent of the 2000 model
16	year city fuel economy, and
17	"(VI) \$3,500, if such vehicle
18	achieves at least 250 percent of the
19	2000 model year city fuel economy.
20	"(ii) 2000 model year city fuel
21	ECONOMY.—For purposes of clause (i), the
22	2000 model year city fuel economy with re-
23	spect to a vehicle shall be determined using
24	the tables provided in subsection $(b)(2)(B)$
25	with respect to such vehicle.

1	"(iii) Option to use like vehi-	
2	CLE.—For purposes of clause (i), at the op-	
3	tion of the vehicle manufacturer, the in-	
4	crease for fuel efficiency may be calculated	
5	by comparing the new qualified hybrid	
6	motor vehicle to a 'like vehicle'.	
7	"(C) Increase for accelerated emis-	
8	SIONS PERFORMANCE.—The amount determined	
9	under subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect to an	
10	applicable heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle shall	
11	be increased by the increase credit amount deter-	
12	mined in accordance with the following tables:	
13	"(i) In the case of a vehicle which has	
14	a gross vehicle weight rating of not more	
15	than 14,000 pounds:	
	"If the model year is:       The increase credit amount is:         2002       \$3,500         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500	
16	"(ii) In the case of a vehicle which has	
17	a gross vehicle weight rating of more than	
18	14,000 pounds but not more than 26,000	
19	pounds:	
	"If the model year is:       The increase credit amount is:         2002       \$9,000         2003       \$7,750         2004       \$6,500         2005       \$5,250         2006       \$4,000	

1		"(iii) In the case of a vehicle which has
2	a	gross vehicle weight rating of more than
3	$2\epsilon$	5,000 pounds:
	2003 2004 2005	is: The increase credit amount is:  \$14,000 \$12,000 \$10,000 \$8,000 \$6,000.
4	"(	(D) Conservation credit.—
5		"(i) Amount.—The amount deter-
6	m	ined under subparagraph (A)(i) with re-
7	sp	ect to a passenger automobile or light
8	tr	uck shall be increased by—
9		"(I) \$250, if such vehicle achieves
10		a lifetime fuel savings of at least 1,500
11		gallons of gasoline, and
12		"(II) \$500, if such vehicle achieves
13		a lifetime fuel savings of at least 2,500
14		gallons of gasoline.
15		"(ii) Lifetime fuel savings for
16	LI	KE VEHICLE.—For purposes of clause (i),
17	at	the option of the vehicle manufacturer,
18	th	e lifetime fuel savings fuel may be cal-
19	cu	lated by comparing the new qualified hy-
20	br	id motor vehicle to a 'like vehicle'.
21	"(	(E) Definitions.—

1	"(i) Applicable heavy duty hybrid
2	MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of subpara-
3	graph (C), the term 'applicable heavy duty
4	hybrid motor vehicle' means a heavy duty
5	hybrid motor vehicle which is powered by
6	an internal combustion or heat engine
7	which is certified as meeting the emission
8	standards set in the regulations prescribed
9	by the Administrator of the Environmental
10	Protection Agency for 2007 and later model
11	year diesel heavy duty engines or 2008 and
12	later model year ottocycle heavy duty en-
13	gines, as applicable.
14	"(ii) Heavy duty hybrid motor ve-
15	HICLE.—For purposes of this paragraph,
16	the term 'heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle'
17	means a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle
18	which has a gross vehicle weight rating of
19	more than 10,000 pounds and draws pro-
20	pulsion energy from both of the following
21	onboard sources of stored energy:
22	"(I) An internal combustion or
23	heat engine using consumable fuel
24	which, for 2002 and later model vehi-
25	cles, has received a certificate of con-

1	formity under the Clean Air Act and
2	meets or exceeds a level of not greater
3	than 3.0 grams per brake horsepower-
4	hour of oxides of nitrogen and 0.01 per
5	brake horsepower-hour of particulate
6	matter.
7	"(II) A rechargeable energy stor-
8	$age\ system.$
9	"(iii) Maximum available power.—
10	"(I) Passenger automobile or
11	LIGHT TRUCK.—For purposes of sub-
12	paragraph (A)(i), the term 'maximum
13	available power' means the maximum
14	power available from the battery or
15	other electrical storage device, during a
16	standard 10 second pulse power test,
17	divided by the sum of the battery or
18	other electrical storage device and the
19	SAE net power of the heat engine.
20	"(II) Heavy duty hybrid motor
21	vehicle.—For purposes of subpara-
22	graph (A)(ii), the term 'maximum
23	available power' means the maximum
24	power available from the battery or
25	other electrical storage device, during a

1	standard 10 second pulse power test,
2	divided by the vehicle's total traction
3	power. The term 'total traction power'
4	means the sum of the electric motor
5	peak power and the heat engine peak
6	power of the vehicle, except that if the
7	electric motor is the sole means by
8	which the vehicle can be driven, the
9	total traction power is the peak electric
10	$motor\ power.$
11	"(iv) Like vehicle.—For purposes of
12	subparagraph (B)(iii), the term like vehi-
13	cle' for a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle
14	derived from a conventional production ve-
15	hicle produced in the same model year
16	means a model that is equivalent in the fol-
17	lowing areas:
18	"(I) Body style (2-door or 4-door).
19	"(II) Transmission (automatic or
20	manual).
21	"(III) Acceleration performance
22	$(\pm 0.05 seconds).$
23	"(IV) Drivetrain (2-wheel drive or
24	4-wheel $drive$ ).

1	"(V) Certification by the Admin-
2	istrator of the Environmental Protec-
3	$tion\ Agency.$
4	"(v) Lifetime fuel savings.—For
5	purposes of subsection $(c)(2)(D)$ , the term
6	lifetime fuel savings' shall be calculated by
7	dividing 120,000 by the difference between
8	the 2000 model year city fuel economy for
9	the vehicle inertia weight class and the city
10	fuel economy for the new qualified hybrid
11	$motor\ vehicle.$
12	"(3) New qualified hybrid motor vehi-
13	CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'new
14	qualified hybrid motor vehicle' means a motor
15	vehicle—
16	"(A) which draws propulsion energy from
17	onboard sources of stored energy which are
18	both—
19	"(i) an internal combustion or heat en-
20	gine using combustible fuel, and
21	"(ii) a rechargeable energy storage sys-
22	tem,
23	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger auto-
24	mobile or light truck, for 2002 and later model
25	vehicles, has received a certificate of conformity

1	under the Clean Air Act and meets or exceeds
2	the equivalent qualifying California low emis-
3	sion vehicle standard under section $243(e)(2)$ of
4	the Clean Air Act for that make and model year,
5	"(C) the original use of which commences
6	with the taxpayer,
7	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
8	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
9	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
10	"(d) New Qualified Alternative Fuel Motor Ve-
11	hicle Credit.—
12	"(1) Allowance of credit.—Except as pro-
13	vided in paragraph (5), the credit determined under
14	this subsection is an amount equal to the applicable
15	percentage of the incremental cost of any new quali-
16	fied alternative fuel motor vehicle placed in service by
17	the taxpayer during the taxable year.
18	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
19	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage with re-
20	spect to any new qualified alternative fuel motor vehi-
21	cle is—
22	"(A) 50 percent, plus
23	"(B) 30 percent, if such vehicle—
24	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
25	formity under the Clean Air Act and meets

1	or exceeds the most stringent standard
2	available for certification under the Clean
3	Air Act for that make and model year vehi-
4	cle (other than a zero emission standard), or
5	"(ii) has received an order from an ap-
6	plicable State certifying the vehicle for sale
7	or lease in California and meets or exceeds
8	the most stringent standard available for
9	certification under the State laws of Cali-
10	fornia (enacted in accordance with a waiver
11	granted under section 209(b) of the Clean
12	Air Act) for that make and model year vehi-
13	cle (other than a zero emission standard).
14	"(3) Incremental cost.—For purposes of this
15	subsection, the incremental cost of any new qualified
16	alternative fuel motor vehicle is equal to the amount
17	of the excess of the manufacturer's suggested retail
18	price for such vehicle over such price for a gasoline
19	or diesel fuel motor vehicle of the same model, to the
20	extent such amount does not exceed—
21	"(A) \$5,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
22	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
23	pounds,

1	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
2	hicle weight rating of more than 8,500 pounds
3	but not more than 14,000 pounds,
4	"(C) \$25,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
5	hicle weight rating of more than 14,000 pounds
6	but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
7	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
8	hicle weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
9	"(4) Qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
10	HICLE DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
11	"(A) In general.—The term 'qualified al-
12	ternative fuel motor vehicle' means any motor
13	vehicle—
14	"(i) which is only capable of operating
15	on an alternative fuel,
16	"(ii) the original use of which com-
17	mences with the taxpayer,
18	"(iii) which is acquired by the tax-
19	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
20	and
21	"(iv) which is made by a manufac-
22	turer.
23	"(B) Alternative fuel.—The term 'alter-
24	native fuel' means compressed natural gas, lique-
25	fied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydro-

1	gen, and any liquid at least 85 percent of the
2	volume of which consists of methanol.
3	"(5) Credit for mixed-fuel vehicles.—
4	"(A) In general.—In the case of a mixed-
5	fuel vehicle placed in service by the taxpayer
6	during the taxable year, the credit determined
7	under this subsection is an amount equal to—
8	"(i) in the case of a 75/25 mixed-fuel
9	vehicle, 70 percent of the credit which would
10	have been allowed under this subsection if
11	such vehicle was a qualified alternative fuel
12	motor vehicle, and
13	"(ii) in the case of a 95/5 mixed-fuel
14	vehicle, 95 percent of the credit which would
15	have been allowed under this subsection if
16	such vehicle was a qualified alternative fuel
17	$motor\ vehicle.$
18	"(B) Mixed-fuel vehicle.—For purposes
19	of this subsection, the term 'mixed-fuel vehicle'
20	means any motor vehicle described in subpara-
21	graph (C) or (D) of paragraph (3), which—
22	"(i) is certified by the manufacturer as
23	being able to perform efficiently in normal
24	operation on a combination of an alter-
25	native fuel and a petroleum-based fuel,

1	"(ii) either—
2	"(I) has received a certificate of
3	conformity under the Clean Air Act, or
4	"(II) has received an order from
5	an applicable State certifying the vehi-
6	cle for sale or lease in California and
7	meets or exceeds the low emission vehi-
8	cle standard under section 88.105–94
9	of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
10	tions, for that make and model year
11	vehicle,
12	"(iii) the original use of which com-
13	mences with the taxpayer,
14	"(iv) which is acquired by the tax-
15	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
16	and
17	"(v) which is made by a manufacturer.
18	"(C) 75/25 MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For
19	purposes of this subsection, the term '75/25
20	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
21	which operates using at least 75 percent alter-
22	native fuel and not more than 25 percent petro-
23	leum-based fuel.
24	"(D) 95/5 mixed-fuel vehicle.—For pur-
25	poses of this subsection, the term '95/5 mixed-fuel

1	vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle which oper-
2	ates using at least 95 percent alternative fuel
3	and not more than 5 percent petroleum-based
4	fuel.
5	"(e) Advanced Lean Burn Technology Motor Ve-
6	hicle Credit.—
7	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
8	(a), the advanced lean burn technology motor vehicle
9	credit determined under this subsection with respect
10	to a new qualified advanced lean burn technology
11	motor vehicle placed in service by the taxpayer dur-
12	ing the taxable year is the credit amount determined
13	under paragraph (2).
14	"(2) Credit amount.—
15	"(A) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
16	The credit amount determined under this para-
17	graph shall be—
18	"(i) \$1,000, if such vehicle achieves at
19	least 125 percent but less than 150 percent
20	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
21	"(ii) \$1,500, if such vehicle achieves at
22	least 150 percent but less than 175 percent
23	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
24	"(iii) \$2,000, if such vehicle achieves
25	at least 175 percent but less than 200 per-

1	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-
2	omy,
3	"(iv) \$2,500, if such vehicle achieves at
4	least 200 percent but less than 225 percent
5	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
6	"(v) \$3,000, if such vehicle achieves at
7	least 225 percent but less than 250 percent
8	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
9	and
10	"(vi) \$3,500, if such vehicle achieves at
11	least 250 percent of the 2000 model year
12	city fuel economy.
13	For purposes of clause (i), the 2000 model year
14	city fuel economy with respect to a vehicle shall
15	be determined using the tables provided in sub-
16	section $(b)(2)(B)$ with respect to such vehicle.
17	"(B) Conservation credit.—The amount
18	determined under subparagraph (A) with respect
19	to an advanced lean burn technology motor vehi-
20	cle shall be increased by—
21	"(i) \$250, if such vehicle achieves a
22	lifetime fuel savings of at least 1,500 gallons
23	of gasoline, and

1	"(ii) \$500, if such vehicle achieves a
2	lifetime fuel savings of at least 2,500 gallons
3	$of\ gasoline.$
4	"(C) Option to use like vehicle.—At
5	the option of the vehicle manufacturer, the in-
6	crease for fuel efficiency and conservation credit
7	may be calculated by comparing the new ad-
8	vanced lean-burn technology motor vehicle to a
9	like vehicle.
10	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
11	section.—
12	"(A) Advanced lean burn technology
13	MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term 'advanced lean burn
14	technology motor vehicle' means a motor vehicle
15	with an internal combustion engine that—
16	"(i) is designed to operate primarily
17	using more air than is necessary for com-
18	plete combustion of the fuel,
19	"(ii) incorporates direct injection,
20	"(iii) achieves at least 125 percent of
21	the 2000 model year city fuel economy, and
22	"(iv) for 2004 and later model vehicles,
23	has received a certificate that such vehicle
24	meets or exceeds the Bin 5, Tier 2 emission
25	levels (for passenger vehicles) or Bin 8, Tier

1	2 emission levels (for light trucks) estab-
2	lished in regulations prescribed by the Ad-
3	ministrator of the Environmental Protec-
4	tion Agency under section 202(i) of the
5	Clean Air Act for that make and model year
6	vehicle.
7	"(B) Like vehicle.—The term like vehi-
8	cle' for an advanced lean burn technology motor
9	vehicle derived from a conventional production
10	vehicle produced in the same model year means
11	a model that is equivalent in the following areas:
12	"(i) Body style (2-door or 4-door),
13	"(ii) Transmission (automatic or man-
14	ual),
15	"(iii) Acceleration performance ( $\pm$ 0.05
16	seconds).
17	"(iv) Drivetrain (2-wheel drive or 4-
18	$wheel \ drive).$
19	"(v) Certification by the Administrator
20	of the Environmental Protection Agency.
21	"(C) Lifetime fuel savings.—The term
22	'lifetime fuel savings' shall be calculated by di-
23	viding 120,000 by the difference between the
24	2000 model year city fuel economy for the vehicle

1	inertia weight class and the city fuel economy
2	for the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle.
3	"(f) Limitation Based on Amount of Tax.—The
4	credit allowed under subsection (a) for the taxable year shall
5	not exceed the excess of—
6	"(1) the sum of the regular tax liability (as de-
7	fined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by section
8	55, over
9	"(2) the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
10	part A and sections 27, 29, and 30A for the taxable
11	year.
12	"(g) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—For
13	purposes of this section—
14	"(1) Consumable fuel.—The term 'consumable
15	fuel' means any solid, liquid, or gaseous matter which
16	releases energy when consumed by an auxiliary power
17	unit.
18	"(2) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor vehicle'
19	has the meaning given such term by section $30(c)(2)$ .
20	"(3) 2000 model year city fuel economy.—
21	The 2000 model year city fuel economy with respect
22	to any vehicle shall be measured under rules similar
23	to the rules under section $4064(c)$ .
24	"(4) Other terms.—The terms 'automobile',
25	'passenger automobile', light truck', and 'manufac-

1	turer' have the meanings given such terms in regula-
2	tions prescribed by the Administrator of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency for purposes of the admin-
4	istration of title II of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
5	7521 et seq.).
6	"(5) Reduction in Basis.—For purposes of this
7	subtitle, the basis of any property for which a credit
8	is allowable under subsection (a) shall be reduced by
9	the amount of such credit so allowed.
10	"(6) No double benefit.—The amount of any
11	deduction or credit allowable under this chapter
12	(other than the credit allowable under this section)—
13	"(A) for any incremental cost taken into ac-
14	count in computing the amount of the credit de-
15	termined under subsection (d) shall be reduced
16	by the amount of such credit attributable to such
17	cost, and
18	"(B) with respect to a vehicle described
19	under subsection (b) or (c), shall be reduced by
20	the amount of credit allowed under subsection
21	(a) for such vehicle for the taxable year.
22	"(7) Property used by tax-exempt enti-
23	TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is allow-
24	able with respect to a motor vehicle which is acquired

by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the

- person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the vehicle for purposes of this section and the credit shall be allowed to such person, but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity in any sale or lease document the specific amount of any credit otherwise allowable to the entity under this section and reduces the sale or lease price of such vehicle by an equivalent amount of such credit.
  - "(8) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by regulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to any property which ceases to be property eligible for such credit (including recapture in the case of a lease period of less than the economic life of a vehicle).
  - "(9) Property used outside united states, etc., not qualified.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect to the portion of the cost of any property taken into account under section 179.
  - "(10) Election to not take credit.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section apply to such vehicle.

1	"(11) Carryforward allowed.—
2	"(A) In general.—If the credit amount al-
3	lowable under subsection (a) for a taxable year
4	exceeds the amount of the limitation under sub-
5	section (f) for such taxable year (referred to as
6	the 'unused credit year' in this paragraph), such
7	excess shall be allowed as a credit carryforward
8	for each of the 20 taxable years following the un-
9	used credit year.
10	"(B) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of
11	section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
12	carryforward under subparagraph (A).
13	"(12) Interaction with air quality and
14	MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS.—Unless other-
15	wise provided in this section, a motor vehicle shall
16	not be considered eligible for a credit under this sec-
17	tion unless such vehicle is in compliance with—
18	"(A) the applicable provisions of the Clean
19	Air Act for the applicable make and model year
20	of the vehicle (or applicable air quality provi-
21	sions of State law in the case of a State which
22	has adopted such provision under a waiver
23	under section 209(b) of the Clean Air Act), and

1	"(B) the motor vehicle safety provisions of
2	sections 30101 through 30169 of title 49, United
3	States Code.
4	"(h) Regulations.—
5	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall promul-
6	gate such regulations as necessary to carry out the
7	provisions of this section.
8	"(2) Administrator of environmental pro-
9	TECTION AGENCY.—The Administrator of the Envi-
10	ronmental Protection Agency, in coordination with
11	the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of
12	the Treasury, shall prescribe such regulations as nec-
13	essary to determine whether a motor vehicle meets the
14	requirements to be eligible for a credit under this sec-
15	tion.
16	"(i) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
17	any property placed in service after—
18	"(1) in the case of a new qualified fuel cell motor
19	vehicle (as described in subsection (b)), December 31,
20	2011, and
21	"(2) in the case of any other property, December
22	31, 2007.".
23	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
24	(1) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking
25	"and" at the end of paragraph (29), by striking the

1	period at the end of paragraph (30) and inserting ",
2	and", and by adding at the end the following:
3	"(31) to the extent provided in section
4	30B(g)(5).".
5	(2) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
6	"30B(g)(10)," after "30(d)(4),".
7	(3) The table of sections for subpart B of part IV
8	of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
9	after the item relating to section 30A the following:
	"Sec. 30B. Alternative motor vehicle credit.".
10	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
11	section shall apply to property placed in service after De-
12	cember 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such date.
13	SEC. 105. EXTENSION OF DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN RE-
13 14	SEC. 105. EXTENSION OF DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN RE- FUELING PROPERTY.
14	FUELING PROPERTY.
14 15	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) In General.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting
14 15 16	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) In General.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting
14 15 16 17	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) In General.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".
14 15 16 17	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".  (b) Modification of Phaseout.—Subparagraph (B)
14 15 16 17 18	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".  (b) Modification of Phaseout.—Subparagraph (B) of section 179A(b)(1) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".  (b) Modification of Phaseout.—Subparagraph (B) of section 179A(b)(1) is amended—  (1) in clause (i), by striking "2002" and insert-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".  (b) Modification of Phaseout.—Subparagraph (B) of section 179A(b)(1) is amended—  (1) in clause (i), by striking "2002" and inserting "2005",
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FUELING PROPERTY.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to termination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2007".  (b) Modification of Phaseout.—Subparagraph (B) of section 179A(b)(1) is amended—  (1) in clause (i), by striking "2002" and inserting "2005",  (2) in clause (ii), by striking "2003" and insert-

1	SEC. 106. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED ELEC-
2	TRIC VEHICLES.
3	(a) Amount of Credit.—
4	(1) In general.—Section 30(a) (relating to al-
5	lowance of credit) is amended by striking "10 percent
6	of".
7	(2) Limitation of credit according to type
8	OF VEHICLE.—Section 30(b) (relating to limitations)
9	is amended—
10	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
11	inserting the following:
12	"(1) Limitation according to type of vehi-
13	CLE.—The amount of the credit allowed under sub-
14	section (a) for any vehicle shall not exceed the greatest
15	of the following amounts applicable to such vehicle:
16	"(A) In the case of a vehicle which conforms
17	to the Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 500 pre-
18	scribed by the Secretary of Transportation, the
19	lesser of—
20	"(i) 10 percent of the manufacturer's
21	suggested retail price of the vehicle, or
22	"(ii) \$4,000.
23	"(B) In the case of a vehicle not described
24	in subparagraph (A) with a gross vehicle weight
25	rating not exceeding 8,500 pounds—
26	"(i) $\$4.000$ . or

1	"(ii) \$5,000, if such vehicle is—
2	"(I) capable of a driving range of
3	at least 70 miles on a single charge of
4	the vehicle's rechargeable batteries and
5	measured pursuant to the urban dyna-
6	$mometer\ schedules\ under\ appendix\ I\ to$
7	part 86 of title 40, Code of Federal
8	Regulations, or
9	"(II) capable of a payload capac-
10	ity of at least 1,000 pounds.
11	"(C) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
12	vehicle weight rating exceeding 8,500 pounds but
13	not exceeding 14,000 pounds, \$10,000.
14	"(D) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
15	vehicle weight rating exceeding 14,000 pounds
16	but not exceeding 26,000 pounds, \$20,000.
17	"(E) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
18	vehicle weight rating exceeding 26,000 pounds,
19	\$40,000.", and
20	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
21	paragraph (2).
22	(3) Conforming amendments.—
23	(A) Section $53(d)(1)(B)(iii)$ is amended by
24	striking "section $30(b)(3)(B)$ " and inserting
25	"section $30(b)(2)(B)$ ".

1	(B) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by striking
2	"30(b)(3)" and inserting "30(b)(2)".
3	(b) Qualified Battery Electric Vehicle.—
4	(1) In general.—Section $30(c)(1)(A)$ (defining
5	qualified electric vehicle) is amended to read as fol-
6	lows:
7	"(A) which is—
8	"(i) operated solely by use of a battery
9	or battery pack, or
10	"(ii) powered primarily through the
11	use of an electric battery or battery pack
12	using a flywheel or capacitor which stores
13	energy produced by an electric motor
14	through regenerative braking to assist in ve-
15	hicle operation,".
16	(2) Leased vehicles.—Section $30(c)(1)(C)$ is
17	amended by inserting "or lease" after "use".
18	(3) Conforming amendments.—
19	(A) Subsections (a) and (c) of section 30 are
20	each amended by inserting "battery" after
21	"qualified" each place it appears.
22	(B) The heading of subsection (c) of section
23	30 is amended by inserting "Battery" after
24	"Qualified".

1	(C) The heading of section 30 is amended
2	by inserting "BATTERY" after "QUALIFIED".
3	(D) The item relating to section 30 in the
4	table of sections for subpart B of part IV of sub-
5	chapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
6	"battery" after "qualified".
7	(E) Section $179A(c)(3)$ is amended by in-
8	serting "battery" before "electric".
9	(F) The heading of paragraph (3) of section
10	179A(c) is amended by inserting "BATTERY" be-
11	fore "ELECTRIC".
12	(c) Additional Special Rules.—Section 30(d) (re-
13	lating to special rules) is amended by adding at the end
14	the following:
15	"(5) No double benefit.—The amount of any
16	deduction or credit allowable under this chapter for
17	any cost taken into account in computing the amount
18	of the credit determined under subsection (a) shall be
19	reduced by the amount of such credit attributable to
20	such cost.
21	"(6) Property used by tax-exempt enti-
22	TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is allow-
23	able with respect to a vehicle which is acquired by an
24	entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person
25	which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity shall be

1 treated as the taxpayer with respect to the vehicle for 2 purposes of this section and the credit shall be allowed 3 to such person, but only if the person clearly discloses 4 to the entity in any sale or lease contract the specific 5 amount of any credit otherwise allowable to the entity 6 under this section and reduces the sale or lease price 7 of such vehicle by an equivalent amount of such cred-8 it.

#### "(7) Carryforward allowed.—

- "(A) In GENERAL.—If the credit amount allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds the amount of the limitation under subsection (b)(3) for such taxable year, such excess shall be allowed as a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable years following such taxable year.
- 17 "(B) RULES.—Rules similar to the rules of 18 section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit 19 carryforward under subparagraph (A)."
- 20 (d) Extension.—Section 30(e) (relating to termi-21 nation) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting 22 "2007".
- 23 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this 24 section shall apply to property placed in service after De-25 cember 31, 2001, in taxable years ending after such date.

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1	SEC. 107. TAX CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLI-
2	ANCES.
3	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
4	A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits) is
5	amended by adding at the end the following new section:
6	"SEC. 45G. ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLIANCE CREDIT.
7	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
8	energy efficient appliance credit determined under this sec-
9	tion for the taxable year is an amount equal to the applica-
10	ble amount determined under subsection (b) with respect
11	to the eligible production of qualified energy efficient appli-
12	ances produced by the taxpayer during the calendar year
13	ending with or within the taxable year.
14	"(b) Applicable Amount; Eligible Production.—
15	For purposes of subsection (a)—
16	"(1) Applicable amount.—The applicable
17	amount is—
18	"(A) \$50 in the case of an energy efficient
19	clothes washer described in subsection $(d)(2)(A)$
20	or an energy efficient refrigerator described in
21	subsection $(d)(3)(B)(i)$ , and
22	"(B) \$100 in the case of any other energy
23	efficient clothes washer or energy efficient refrig-
24	erator.
25	"(9) Eligible production —

1	"(A) In General.—The eligible production
2	of each category of qualified energy efficient ap-
3	pliances is the excess of—
4	"(i) the number of appliances in such
5	category which are produced by the tax-
6	payer during such calendar year, over
7	"(ii) the average number of appliances
8	in such category which were produced by
9	the taxpayer during calendar years 1998,
10	1999, and 2000.
11	"(B) Categories.—For purposes of sub-
12	paragraph (A), the categories are—
13	"(i) energy efficient clothes washers de-
14	scribed in subsection $(d)(2)(A)$ ,
15	"(ii) energy efficient clothes washers
16	described in subsection (d)(2)(B),
17	"(iii) energy efficient refrigerators de-
18	scribed in subsection $(d)(3)(B)(i)$ , and
19	"(iv) energy efficient refrigerators de-
20	scribed in subsection $(d)(3)(B)(ii)$ .
21	"(C) Special rule for 2001 produc-
22	TION.—For purposes of determining eligible pro-
23	duction for calendar year 2001—
24	"(i) only production after the date of
25	the enactment of this section shall be taken

1	into account under subparagraph $(A)(i)$ ,
2	and
3	"(ii) the amount taken into account
4	$under\ subparagraph\ (A)(ii)\ shall\ be\ an$
5	amount which bears the same ratio to the
6	amount which would (but for this subpara-
7	graph) be taken into account under sub-
8	paragraph (A)(ii) as—
9	"(I) the number of days in cal-
10	endar year 2001 after the date of the
11	enactment of this section, bears to
12	"(II) 365.
13	"(c) Limitation on Maximum Credit.—
14	"(1) In general.—The maximum amount of
15	credit allowed under subsection (a) with respect to a
16	taxpayer for all taxable years shall be—
17	"(A) \$30,000,000 with respect to the credit
18	determined under subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ , and
19	"(B) \$30,000,000 with respect to the credit
20	determined under subsection $(b)(1)(B)$ .
21	"(2) Limitation based on gross receipts.—
22	The credit allowed under subsection (a) with respect
23	to a taxpayer for the taxable year shall not exceed an
24	amount equal to 2 percent of the average annual gross
25	receipts of the taxpayer for the 3 taxable years pre-

1	ceding the taxable year in which the credit is deter-
2	mined.
3	"(3) Gross receipts.—For purposes of this
4	subsection, the rules of paragraphs (2) and (3) of sec-
5	tion 448(c) shall apply.
6	"(d) Qualified Energy Efficient Appliance.—
7	For purposes of this section:
8	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualified energy
9	efficient appliance' means—
10	"(A) an energy efficient clothes washer, or
11	"(B) an energy efficient refrigerator.
12	"(2) Energy efficient clothes washer.—
13	The term 'energy efficient clothes washer' means of
14	residential clothes washer, including a residential
15	style coin operated washer, which is manufactured
16	with—
17	"(A) a 1.26 MEF or greater, or
18	"(B) a 1.42 MEF (1.5 MEF for washers
19	produced after 2004) or greater.
20	"(3) Energy efficient refrigerator.—The
21	term 'energy efficient refrigerator' means an auto-
22	matic defrost refrigerator-freezer which—
23	"(A) has an internal volume of at least 16.3
24	cubic feet, and
25	"(B) consumes—

1	"(i) 10 percent less kw/hr/yr than the
2	energy conservation standards promulgated
3	by the Department of Energy for refrig-
4	erators produced during 2001, and
5	"(ii) 15 percent less kw/hr/yr than
6	such energy conservation standards for re-
7	frigerators produced after 2001.
8	"(4) MEF.—The term 'MEF' means Modified
9	Energy Factor (as determined by the Secretary of En-
10	ergy).
11	"(e) Special Rules.—
12	"(1) In general.—Rules similar to the rules of
13	subsections (c), (d), and (e) of section 52 shall apply
14	for purposes of this section.
15	"(2) AGGREGATION RULES.—All persons treated
16	as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of
17	section 52 or subsection (m) or (o) of section 414 shall
18	be treated as 1 person for purposes of subsection (a).
19	"(f) Verification.—The taxpayer shall submit such
20	information or certification as the Secretary, in consulta-
21	tion with the Secretary of Energy, determines necessary to
22	claim the credit amount under subsection (a).
23	"(a) TERMINATION —This section shall not apply—

1 "(1) with respect to energy efficient refrigerators 2 described in subsection (d)(3)(B)(i) produced after 2004, and 3 "(2) with respect to all other qualified energy ef-5 ficient appliances produced after 2006.". 6 (b) Limitation on Carryback.—Section 39(d) (relating to transition rules) is amended by adding at the end 8 the following new paragraph: 9 "(11) No carryback of energy efficient ap-10 PLIANCE CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No por-11 tion of the unused business credit for any taxable year 12 which is attributable to the energy efficient appliance 13 credit determined under section 45G may be carried 14 to a taxable year ending before the date of the enact-15 ment of section 45G.". 16 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 38(b) (relating to general business credit) is amended by striking 17 "plus" at the end of paragraph (14), by striking the period 18 19 at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following new paragraph: 21 "(16) the energy efficient appliance credit deter-22 mined under section 45G(a).". 23 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amend-

1	ed by inserting after the item relating to section 45F the
2	following new item:
	"Sec. 45G. Energy efficient appliance credit.".
3	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply to taxable years ending after the date
5	of the enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 108. CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-
7	MENTS TO EXISTING HOMES.
8	(a) In General.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter
9	A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal credits)
10	is amended by inserting after section 25D the following new
11	section:
12	"SEC. 25E. ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS TO EXIST-
13	ING HOMES.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	ing homes.  "(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi-
14	
14 15	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi-
14 15 16	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
14 15 16 17	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi- vidual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount
14 15 16 17	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements in-
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements in-
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during such taxable year.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during such taxable year.  "(b) LIMITATIONS.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during such taxable year.  "(b) Limitations.—  "(1) Maximum Credit.—The credit allowed by
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during such taxable year.  "(b) Limitations.—  "(1) Maximum credit allowed by this section with respect to a dwelling shall not exceed

- 1 was allowed to the taxpayer under subsection (a) with 2 respect to a dwelling in 1 or more prior taxable years, 3 the amount of the credit otherwise allowable for the 4 taxable year with respect to that dwelling shall not exceed the amount of \$2,000 reduced by the sum of the 5 6 credits allowed under subsection (a) to the taxpayer 7 with respect to the dwelling for all prior taxable 8 years. 9 "(3) Limitation based on amount of tax.— 10 The credit allowed under subsection (a) for the tax-11 able year shall not exceed the excess of— 12 "(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as 13 defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by 14 section 55, over 15 "(B) the sum of the credits allowable under 16 this subpart (other than this section and section 17 23) and section 27 for the taxable year. 18 "(c) Carryforward of Unused Credit.—If the credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation 19
- 19 credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation 20 imposed by subsection (b)(3) for such taxable year, such ex-21 cess shall be carried to the succeeding taxable year and 22 added to the credit allowable under subsection (a) for such 23 succeeding taxable year.
- 24 "(d) QUALIFIED ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-25 MENTS.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified

1	energy efficiency improvements' means any energy efficient
2	building envelope component which meets the prescriptive
3	criteria for such component established by the 1998 Inter-
4	national Energy Conservation Code, if—
5	"(1) such component is installed in or on a
6	dwelling—
7	"(A) located in the United States, and
8	"(B) owned and used by the taxpayer as the
9	taxpayer's principal residence (within the mean-
10	ing of section 121),
11	"(2) the original use of such component com-
12	mences with the taxpayer, and
13	"(3) such component reasonably can be expected
14	to remain in use for at least 5 years.
15	If the aggregate cost of such components with respect to any
16	dwelling exceeds \$1,000, such components shall be treated
17	as qualified energy efficiency improvements only if such
18	components are also certified in accordance with subsection
19	(e) as meeting such criteria.
20	"(e) Certification.—The certification described in
21	subsection (d) shall be—
22	"(1) determined on the basis of the technical
23	specifications or applicable ratings (including prod-
24	uct labeling requirements) for the measurement of en-
25	ergy efficiency, based upon energy use or building en-

velope component performance, for the energy efficient building envelope component,

"(2) provided by a local building regulatory authority, a utility, a manufactured home production inspection primary inspection agency (IPIA), or an accredited home energy rating system provider who is accredited by or otherwise authorized to use approved energy performance measurement methods by the Home Energy Ratings Systems Council or the National Association of State Energy Officials, and

"(3) made in writing in a manner that specifies in readily verifiable fashion the energy efficient building envelope components installed and their respective energy efficiency levels.

#### "(f) Definitions and Special Rules.—

"(1) Tenant-stockholder in cooperative Housing corporation.—In the case of an individual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in section 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in such section), such individual shall be treated as having paid his tenant-stockholder's proportionate share (as defined in section 216(b)(3)) of the cost of qualified energy efficiency improvements made by such corporation.

### "(2) Condominiums.—

"(A) In General.—In the case of an individual who is a member of a condominium management association with respect to a condominium which he owns, such individual shall be treated as having paid his proportionate share of the cost of qualified energy efficiency improvements made by such association.

"(B) CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT ASSOCIA-TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'condominium management association' means an organization which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other than subparagraph (E) thereof) with respect to a condominium project substantially all of the units of which are used as residences.

"(3) Building envelope component' means insulation material or system which is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat loss or gain of a dwelling when installed in or on such dwelling, exterior windows (including skylights) and doors, and metal roofs with appropriate pigmented coatings which are specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain of a dwelling when installed in or on such dwelling.

1	"(4) Manufactured Homes included.—For
2	purposes of this section, the term 'dwelling' includes
3	a manufactured home which conforms to Federal
4	Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Stand-
5	ards (24 C.F.R. 3280).
6	"(g) Basis Adjustment.—For purposes of this sub-
7	title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-
8	penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the
9	basis of such property which would (but for this subsection)
10	result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount
11	of the credit so allowed.
12	"(h) Application of Section.—This section shall
13	apply to qualified energy efficiency improvements installed
14	after December 31, 2001 and before January 1, 2007.".
15	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
16	(1) Subsection (a) of section 1016 is amended by
17	striking "and" at the end of paragraph (30), by strik-
18	ing the period at the end of paragraph (31) and in-
19	serting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing new paragraph:
21	"(32) to the extent provided in section $25E(g)$ , in
22	the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has
23	been allowed under section 25E.".
24	(2) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV
25	of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting

1	after the item relating to section 25D the following
2	new item:
	"Sec. 25E. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes.".
3	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply to taxable years ending after December
5	31, 2001.
6	SEC. 109. BUSINESS CREDIT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW
7	ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME.
8	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
9	A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits) is
10	amended by inserting after section 45G the following new
11	section:
12	"SEC. 45H. NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME CREDIT.
13	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, in the
14	case of an eligible contractor, the credit determined under
15	this section for the taxable year is an amount equal to the
16	aggregate adjusted bases of all energy efficient property in-
17	stalled in a qualified new energy efficient home during con-
18	struction of such home.
19	"(b) Limitations.—
20	"(1) Maximum credit.—
21	"(A) In general.—The credit allowed by
22	this section with respect to a dwelling shall not
23	exceed \$2,000.
24	"(B) Prior credit amounts on same
25	DWELLING TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—If a credit

1 was allowed under subsection (a) with respect to 2 a dwelling in 1 or more prior taxable years, the 3 amount of the credit otherwise allowable for the 4 taxable year with respect to that dwelling shall not exceed the amount of \$2,000 reduced by the 5 6 sum of the credits allowed under subsection (a) 7 with respect to the dwelling for all prior taxable 8 years. 9 "(2) Coordination with rehabilitation and 10 ENERGY CREDITS.—For purposes of this section— 11 "(A) the basis of any property referred to in 12 subsection (a) shall be reduced by that portion of 13 the basis of any property which is attributable to 14 qualified rehabilitation expenditures (as defined 15 in section 47(c)(2)) or to the energy percentage of energy property (as determined under section 16 17 48(a)), and 18 "(B) expenditures taken into account under 19 either section 47 or 48(a) shall not be taken into 20 account under this section. 21 "(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section— 22 "(1) Eligible contractor.—The term 'eligible 23 contractor' means the person who constructed the new 24 energy efficient home, or in the case of a manufac-25 tured home which conforms to Federal Manufactured

1	Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 C.F.R.
2	3280), the manufactured home producer of such home.
3	"(2) Energy efficient property.—The term
4	'energy efficient property' means any energy efficient
5	building envelope component, and any energy effi-
6	cient heating or cooling appliance.
7	"(3) Qualified new energy efficient
8	HOME.—The term 'qualified new energy efficient
9	home' means a dwelling—
10	"(A) located in the United States,
11	"(B) the construction of which is substan-
12	tially completed after December 31, 2001,
13	"(C) the original use of which is as a prin-
14	cipal residence (within the meaning of section
15	121) which commences with the person who ac-
16	quires such dwelling from the eligible contractor,
17	and
18	"(D) which is certified to have a level of an-
19	nual heating and cooling energy consumption
20	that is at least 30 percent below the annual level
21	of heating and cooling energy consumption of a
22	comparable dwelling constructed in accordance
23	with the standards of the 1998 International En-
24	ergy Conservation Code.

- "(4) Construction.—The term 'construction'
   includes reconstruction and rehabilitation.
- "(5) Acquire.—The term 'acquire' includes pur chase and, in the case of reconstruction and rehabili tation, such term includes a binding written contract
   for such reconstruction or rehabilitation.
  - "(6) Building envelope component' means insulation material or system which is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat loss or gain of a dwelling when installed in or on such dwelling, exterior windows (including skylights) and doors, and metal roofs with appropriate pigmented coatings which are specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain of a dwelling when installed in or on such dwelling.
  - "(7) Manufactured Home included.—The term 'dwelling' includes a manufactured home conforming to Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 C.F.R. 3280).

## 21 "(d) Certification.—

"(1) METHOD.—A certification described in subsection (c)(3)(D) shall be determined on the basis of one of the following methods:

1	"(A) The technical specifications or appli-
2	cable ratings (including product labeling require-
3	ments) for the measurement of energy efficiency
4	for the energy efficient building envelope compo-
5	nent or energy efficient heating or cooling appli-
6	ance, based upon energy use or building envelope
7	$component\ performance.$
8	"(B) An energy performance measurement
9	method that utilizes computer software approved
10	by organizations designated by the Secretary.
11	"(2) Provider.—Such certification shall be pro-
12	vided by—
13	"(A) in the case of a method described in
14	paragraph (1)(A), a local building regulatory
15	authority, a utility, a manufactured home pro-
16	duction inspection primary inspection agency
17	(IPIA), or an accredited home energy rating sys-
18	tems provider who is accredited by, or otherwise
19	authorized to use, approved energy performance
20	measurement methods by the Home Energy Rat-
21	ings Systems Council or the National Associa-
22	tion of State Energy Officials, or
23	"(B) in the case of a method described in
24	paragraph (1)(B), an individual recognized by

an organization designated by the Secretary for
 such purposes.

"(3) FORM.—Such certification shall be made in writing in a manner that specifies in readily verifiable fashion the energy efficient building envelope components and energy efficient heating or cooling appliances installed and their respective energy efficiency levels, and in the case of a method described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), accompanied by written analysis documenting the proper application of a permissible energy performance measurement method to the specific circumstances of such dwelling.

# "(4) Regulations.—

"(A) In General.—In prescribing regulations under this subsection for energy performance measurement methods, the Secretary shall prescribe procedures for calculating annual energy costs for heating and cooling and cost savings and for the reporting of the results. Such regulations shall—

"(i) be based on the National Home Energy Rating Technical Guidelines of the National Association of State Energy Officials, the Home Energy Rating Guidelines

1	of the Home Energy Rating Systems Coun-
2	cil, or the modified 1998 California Resi-
3	$dential\ ACM\ manual,$
4	"(ii) provide that any calculation pro-
5	cedures be developed such that the same en-
6	ergy efficiency measures allow a home to
7	qualify for the credit under this section re-
8	gardless of whether the house uses a gas or
9	oil furnace or boiler or an electric heat
10	pump, and
11	"(iii) require that any computer soft-
12	ware allow for the printing of the Federal
13	tax forms necessary for the credit under this
14	section and explanations for the homebuyer
15	of the energy efficient features that were
16	used to comply with the requirements of this
17	section.
18	"(B) Providers.—For purposes of para-
19	graph (2)(B), the Secretary shall establish re-
20	quirements for the designation of individuals
21	based on the requirements for energy consultants
22	and home energy raters specified by the National
23	Association of State Energy Officials.
24	"(e) Basis Adjustment.—For purposes of this sub-
25	title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-

- 1 penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the
- 2 basis of such property which would (but for this subsection)
- 3 result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount
- 4 of the credit so allowed.
- 5 "(f) Application of Section.—Subsection (a) shall
- 6 apply to dwellings purchased during the period beginning
- 7 on January 1, 2002, and ending on December 31, 2006.".
- 8 (b) Credit Made Part of General Business
- 9 Credit.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to current
- 10 year business credit) is amended by striking "plus" at the
- 11 end of paragraph (15), by striking the period at the end
- 12 of paragraph (16) and inserting ", plus", and by adding
- 13 at the end thereof the following new paragraph:
- 14 "(17) the new energy efficient home credit deter-
- 15 mined under section 45H.".
- 16 (c) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 280C (re-
- 17 lating to certain expenses for which credits are allowable)
- 18 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new
- 19 *subsection*:
- 20 "(d) New Energy Efficient Home Expenses.—No
- 21 deduction shall be allowed for that portion of expenses for
- 22 a new energy efficient home otherwise allowable as a deduc-
- 23 tion for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of
- 24 the credit determined for such taxable year under section
- 25 45H.".

- 1 (d) Limitation on Carryback.—Subsection (d) of
- 2 section 39 is amended by adding at the end the following
- 3 new paragraph:
- 4 "(12) No carryback of new energy effi-
- 5 CIENT HOME CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No
- 6 portion of the unused business credit for any taxable
- 7 year which is attributable to the credit determined
- 8 under section 45H may be carried back to any tax-
- 9 able year ending before January 1, 2002.".
- 10 (e) Deduction for Certain Unused Business
- 11 Credits.—Subsection (c) of section 196 is amended by
- 12 striking "and" at the end of paragraph (9), by striking the
- 13 period at the end of paragraph (10) and inserting ", and",
- 14 and by adding after paragraph (10) the following new
- 15 paragraph:
- 16 "(11) the new energy efficient home credit deter-
- 17 mined under section 45H.".
- 18 (f) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 19 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amend-
- 20 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 45G the
- 21 following new item:

"Sec. 45H. New energy efficient home credit.".

- 22 (g) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 23 section shall apply to taxable years ending after December
- 24 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 110. ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR ENERGY EFFI-
2	CIENT COMMERCIAL BUILDING PROPERTY.
3	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
4	1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and cor-
5	porations) is amended by inserting after section 179A the
6	following new section:
7	"SEC. 179B. DEDUCTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT COMMER-
8	CIAL BUILDING PROPERTY.
9	"(a) Allowance of Deduction.—
10	"(1) In general.—There shall be allowed as a
11	deduction an amount equal to energy efficient com-
12	mercial building property expenditures made by a
13	taxpayer for the taxable year.
14	"(2) Maximum amount of deduction.—The
15	amount of energy efficient commercial building prop-
16	erty expenditures taken into account under paragraph
17	(1) shall not exceed an amount equal to the product
18	of—
19	"(A) \$2.25, and
20	"(B) the square footage of the building with
21	respect to which the expenditures are made.
22	"(3) Year deduction allowed.—The deduc-
23	tion under paragraph (1) shall be allowed for the tax-
24	able year in which the building is placed in service.
25	"(b) Energy Efficient Commercial Building
26	Property Expenditures.—For purposes of this section,

the term 'energy efficient commercial building property expenditures' means an amount paid or incurred for energy efficient commercial building property installed on or in 3 connection with new construction or reconstruction of 5 property— 6 "(1) for which depreciation is allowable under 7 section 167. 8 "(2) which is located in the United States, and 9 "(3) the construction or erection of which is com-10 pleted by the taxpayer. 11 Such property includes all residential rental property, in-12 cluding low-rise multifamily structures and single family housing property which is not within the scope of Standard 90.1–1999 (described in subsection (c)). Such term includes 14 15 expenditures for labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the prop-17 erty. 18 "(c) Energy Efficient Commercial Building 19 Property.—For purposes of subsection (b)— "(1) In General.—The term 'energy efficient 20 21 commercial building property' means any property 22 which reduces total annual energy and power costs

with respect to the lighting, heating, cooling, ventila-

tion, and hot water supply systems of the building by

50 percent or more in comparison to a reference

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24

- building which meets the requirements of Standard 90.1–1999 of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers and the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America using methods of calculation under paragraph (2) and certified by qualified professionals as provided under subsection (f).
  - "(2) Methods of Calculation.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall promulgate regulations which describe in detail methods for calculating and verifying energy and power consumption and cost, taking into consideration the provisions of the 1998 California Nonresidential ACM Manual. These procedures shall meet the following requirements:
    - "(A) In calculating tradeoffs and energy performance, the regulations shall prescribe the costs per unit of energy and power, such as kilowatt hour, kilowatt, gallon of fuel oil, and cubic foot or Btu of natural gas, which may be dependent on time of usage.
    - "(B) The calculational methodology shall require that compliance be demonstrated for a whole building. If some systems of the building, such as lighting, are designed later than other

1	systems of the building, the method shall provide
2	that either—
3	"(i) the expenses taken into account
4	under subsection (a) shall not occur until
5	the date designs for all energy-using systems
6	of the building are completed,
7	"(ii) the energy performance of all sys-
8	tems and components not yet designed shall
9	be assumed to comply minimally with the
10	requirements of such Standard 90.1–1999,
11	or
12	"(iii) the expenses taken into account
13	under subsection (a) shall be a fraction of
14	such expenses based on the performance of
15	less than all energy-using systems in ac-
16	cordance with subparagraph (C).
17	"(C) The expenditures in connection with
18	the design of subsystems in the building, such as
19	the envelope, the heating, ventilation, air condi-
20	tioning and water heating system, and the light-
21	ing system shall be allocated to the appropriate
22	building subsystem based on system-specific en-
23	ergy cost savings targets in regulations promul-
24	gated by the Secretary of Energy which are
25	equivalent, using the calculation methodology, to

1	the whole building requirement of 50 percent
2	savings.
3	"(D) The calculational methods under this
4	subparagraph need not comply fully with section
5	11 of such Standard 90.1–1999.
6	"(E) The calculational methods shall be fuel
7	neutral, such that the same energy efficiency fea-
8	tures shall qualify a building for the deduction
9	under this subsection regardless of whether the
10	heating source is a gas or oil furnace or an elec-
11	tric heat pump.
12	"(F) The calculational methods shall pro-
13	vide appropriate calculated energy savings for
14	design methods and technologies not otherwise
15	credited in either such Standard 90.1–1999 or in
16	the 1998 California Nonresidential ACM Man-
17	ual, including the following:
18	"(i) Natural ventilation.
19	"(ii) Evaporative cooling.
20	"(iii) Automatic lighting controls such
21	as occupancy sensors, photocells, and time-
22	clocks.
23	$``(iv)\ Daylighting.$
24	"(v) Designs utilizing semi-conditioned
25	spaces that maintain adequate comfort con-

1	ditions without air conditioning or without
2	heating.
3	"(vi) Improved fan system efficiency,
4	including reductions in static pressure.
5	"(vii) Advanced unloading mechanisms
6	for mechanical cooling, such as multiple or
7	variable speed compressors.
8	"(viii) The calculational methods may
9	take into account the extent of commis-
10	sioning in the building, and allow the tax-
11	payer to take into account measured per-
12	formance that exceeds typical performance.
13	"(3) Computer software.—
14	"(A) In general.—Any calculation under
15	this subsection shall be prepared by qualified
16	$computer\ software.$
17	"(B) Qualified computer software.—
18	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'quali-
19	fied computer software' means software—
20	"(i) for which the software designer has
21	certified that the software meets all proce-
22	dures and detailed methods for calculating
23	energy and power consumption and costs as
24	required by the Secretary,

1	"(ii) which provides such forms as re-
2	quired to be filed by the Secretary in con-
3	nection with energy efficiency of property
4	and the deduction allowed under this sec-
5	tion, and
6	"(iii) which provides a notice form
7	which summarizes the energy efficiency fea-
8	tures of the building and its projected an-
9	nual energy costs.
10	"(d) Allocation of Deduction for Public Prop-
11	ERTY.—In the case of energy efficient commercial building
12	property installed on or in public property, the Secretary
13	shall promulgate a regulation to allow the allocation of the
14	deduction to the person primarily responsible for designing
15	the property in lieu of the public entity which is the owner
16	of such property. Such person shall be treated as the tax-
17	payer for purposes of this section.
18	"(e) Notice to Owner.—The qualified individual
19	shall provide an explanation to the owner of the building
20	regarding the energy efficiency features of the building and
21	its projected annual energy costs as provided in the notice
22	$under\ subsection\ (c)(3)(B)(iii).$
23	"(f) Certification.—The Secretary, in consultation
24	with the Secretary of Energy, shall establish requirements

1 for certification and compliance procedures similar to the procedures under section 45H(d). 3 "(q) Basis Reduction.—For purposes of this title, the basis of any property shall be reduced by the amount of the deduction with respect to such property which is allowed by subsection (a). "(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to 7 8 property placed in service after December 31, 2006.". 9 (b) Conforming Amendments.— 10 (1) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking 11 "and" at the end of paragraph (31), by striking the 12 period at the end of paragraph (32) and inserting ", 13 and", and by inserting the following new paragraph: 14 "(33) to the extent provided in section 179B(q).". 15 (2) Section 1245(a) is amended by inserting "179B," after "179A," both places it appears in 16 17 paragraphs (2)(C) and (3)(C). 18 (3) Section 1250(b)(3) is amended by inserting 19 before the period at the end of the first sentence "or 20 by section 179B". 21 (4) Section 263(a)(1) is amended by striking 22 "or" at the end of subparagraph (G), by striking the 23 period at the end of subparagraph (H) and inserting ", or", and by inserting after subparagraph (H) the 24 following new subparagraph: 25

1	"(I) expenditures for which a deduction is
2	allowed under section 179B.".
3	(5) Section $312(k)(3)(B)$ is amended by striking
4	"or 179A" each place it appears in the heading and
5	text and inserting ", 179A, or 179B".
6	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
7	part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 is amended by adding
8	after section 179A the following new item:
	"Sec. 179B. Deduction for energy efficient commercial building property.".
9	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
10	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
11	ber 31, 2001.
12	SEC. 111. ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED EN-
13	ERGY MANAGEMENT DEVICES AND RETRO-
14	FITTED QUALIFIED METERS.
15	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
16	1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and cor-
17	porations) is amended by inserting after section 179B the
18	following new section:
19	
	"SEC. 179C. DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED ENERGY MANAGE-
20	"SEC. 179C. DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED ENERGY MANAGE- MENT DEVICES AND RETROFITTED METERS.
20 21	
21	MENT DEVICES AND RETROFITTED METERS.
21 22	MENT DEVICES AND RETROFITTED METERS.  "(a) Allowance of Deduction.—In the case of a

1	the cost of each qualified energy management device placed
2	in service during the taxable year.
3	"(b) Maximum Deduction.—The deduction allowed
4	by this section with respect to each qualified energy man-
5	agement device shall not exceed \$30.
6	"(c) Qualified Energy Management Device.—The
7	term 'qualified energy management device' means any tan-
8	gible property to which section 168 applies if such property
9	is a meter or metering device—
10	"(1) which is acquired and used by the taxpayer
11	to enable consumers to manage their purchase or use
12	of electricity or natural gas in response to energy
13	price and usage signals, and
14	"(2) which permits reading of energy price and
15	usage signals on at least a daily basis.
16	"(d) Property Used Outside the United States
17	Not Qualified.—No deduction shall be allowed under sub-
18	section (a) with respect to property which is used predomi-
19	nantly outside the United States or with respect to the por-
20	tion of the cost of any property taken into account under
21	section 179.
22	"(e) Basis Reduction.—
23	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this title, the
24	basis of any property shall be reduced by the amount

of the deduction with respect to such property which is allowed by subsection (a).

"(2) Ordinary income recapture.—For purposes of section 1245, the amount of the deduction allowable under subsection (a) with respect to any property that is of a character subject to the allowance for depreciation shall be treated as a deduction allowed for depreciation under section 167.".

## (b) Conforming Amendments.—

- (1) Section 263(a)(1) is amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (H), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (I) and inserting ", or", and by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraph:
- "(J) expenditures for which a deduction is allowed under section 179C.".
  - (2) Section 312(k)(3)(B) is amended by striking "or 179B" each place it appears in the heading and text and inserting ", 179B, or 179C".
  - (3) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (32), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (33) and inserting ", and", and by inserting after paragraph (33) the following new paragraph:

1	"(34) to the extent provided in section
2	179C(e)(1).".
3	(4) Section 1245(a) is amended by inserting
4	"179C," after "179B," both places it appears in para-
5	graphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$ .
6	(5) The table of contents for subpart B of part
7	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by insert-
8	ing after the item relating to section 179B the fol-
9	lowing new item:
	"Sec. 179C. Deduction for qualified energy management devices and retrofitted meters.".
10	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
11	section shall apply to qualified energy management devices
12	placed in service after the date of the enactment of this Act.
13	SEC. 112. 3-YEAR APPLICABLE RECOVERY PERIOD FOR DE-
14	PRECIATION OF QUALIFIED ENERGY MAN-
15	AGEMENT DEVICES.
16	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
17	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of property) is amended
18	
	by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the
19	by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and
19	period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and
19 20	period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new clause:
19 20 21	period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new clause:  "(iv) any qualified energy manage-

- 1 cial rules) is amended by inserting at the end the following
- 2 new paragraph:
- 3 "(15) Qualified energy management de-
- 4 VICE.—The term 'qualified energy management de-
- 5 vice' means any qualified energy management device
- 6 as defined in section 179C(c) which is placed in serv-
- 7 ice by a taxpayer who is a supplier of electric energy
- 8 or natural gas or a provider of electric energy or nat-
- 9 ural gas services.".
- 10 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 11 section shall apply to property placed in service after the
- 12 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 13 SEC. 113. ENERGY CREDIT FOR COMBINED HEAT AND
- 14 POWER SYSTEM PROPERTY.
- 15 (a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
- 16 48(a)(3) (defining energy property) is amended by striking
- 17 "or" at the end of clause (ii), by adding "or" at the end
- 18 of clause (iii), and by inserting after clause (iii) the fol-
- 19 lowing new clause:
- 20 "(iv) combined heat and power system
- 21 property,".
- 22 (b) Combined Heat and Power System Prop-
- 23 ERTY.—Subsection (a) of section 48 is amended by redesig-
- 24 nating paragraphs (5) and (6) as paragraphs (6) and (7),

1	respectively, and by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
2	lowing new paragraph:
3	"(5) Combined Heat and Power system prop-
4	ERTY.—For purposes of this subsection—
5	"(A) Combined heat and power system
6	PROPERTY.—The term 'combined heat and power
7	system property' means property comprising a
8	system—
9	"(i) which uses the same energy source
10	for the simultaneous or sequential genera-
11	tion of electrical power, mechanical shaft
12	power, or both, in combination with the
13	generation of steam or other forms of useful
14	thermal energy (including heating and cool-
15	ing applications),
16	"(ii) which has an electrical capacity
17	of more than 50 kilowatts or a mechanical
18	energy capacity of more than 67 horsepower
19	or an equivalent combination of electrical
20	and mechanical energy capacities,
21	"(iii) which produces—
22	"(I) at least 20 percent of its total
23	useful energy in the form of thermal
24	energy, and

1	"(II) at least 20 percent of its
2	total useful energy in the form of elec-
3	trical or mechanical power (or com-
4	bination thereof),
5	"(iv) the energy efficiency percentage
6	of which exceeds 60 percent (70 percent in
7	the case of a system with an electrical ca-
8	pacity in excess of 50 megawatts or a me-
9	chanical energy capacity in excess of 67,000
10	horsepower, or an equivalent combination of
11	electrical and mechanical energy capac-
12	ities), and
13	"(v) which is placed in service after
14	December 31, 2001, and before January 1,
15	2007.
16	"(B) Special rules.—
17	"(i) Energy efficiency percent-
18	AGE.—For purposes of subparagraph
19	(A)(iv), the energy efficiency percentage of a
20	system is the fraction—
21	"(I) the numerator of which is the
22	total useful electrical, thermal, and me-
23	chanical power produced by the system
24	at normal operating rates, and

1	"(II) the denominator of which is
2	the lower heating value of the primary
3	fuel source for the system.
4	"(ii) Determinations made on btu
5	BASIS.—The energy efficiency percentage
6	and the percentages under subparagraph
7	(A)(iii) shall be determined on a Btu basis.
8	"(iii) Input and output property
9	NOT INCLUDED.—The term 'combined heat
10	and power system property' does not in-
11	clude property used to transport the energy
12	source to the facility or to distribute energy
13	produced by the facility.
14	"(iv) Public utility property.—
15	"(I) Accounting rule for pub-
16	LIC UTILITY PROPERTY.—If the com-
17	bined heat and power system property
18	is public utility property (as defined
19	in section $168(i)(1)$ ), the taxpayer may
20	only claim the credit under the sub-
21	section if, with respect to such prop-
22	erty, the taxpayer uses a normalization
23	$method\ of\ accounting.$
24	"(II) CERTAIN EXCEPTION NOT TO
25	APPLY.—The matter in paragraph (3)

1	which follows subparagraph $(D)$ shall
2	not apply to combined heat and power
3	$system\ property.$
4	"(C) Extension of Depreciation recov-
5	ERY PERIOD.—If a taxpayer is allowed credit
6	under this section for combined heat and power
7	system property and such property would (but
8	for this subparagraph) have a class life of 15
9	years or less under section 168, such property
10	shall be treated as having a 22-year class life for
11	purposes of section 168.".
12	(c) No Carryback of Energy Credit Before Ef-
13	FECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (d) of section 39 is amended
14	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
15	"(13) No carryback of energy credit be-
16	Fore effective date.—No portion of the unused
17	business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
18	utable to the energy credit with respect to property
19	described in section 48(a)(5) may be carried back to
20	a taxable year ending before January 1, 2002.".
21	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
22	section shall apply to property placed in service after De-
23	cember 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 114. NEW NONREFUNDABLE PERSONAL CREDITS AL-
2	LOWED AGAINST REGULAR AND MINIMUM
3	TAXES.
4	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 26(a) is
5	amended by striking "and 25B" and inserting "25B, 25C,
6	25D, and 25E".
7	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
8	(1) Section $24(b)(3)(B)$ is amended by striking
9	"and 25B" and inserting ", 25B, 25C, 25D, and
10	25E".
11	(2) Section $25(e)(1)(C)$ is amended by inserting
12	"25C, 25D, and 25E" after "25B,".
13	(3) Section $25B(g)(2)$ is amended by striking
14	"section 23" and inserting "sections 23, 25C, 25D,
15	and 25E".
16	(4) Section 904(h) is amended by striking "and
17	25B" and inserting "25B, 25C, 25D, and 25E".
18	(5) Section $1400C(d)$ is amended by striking
19	"and 25B" and inserting "25B, 25C, 25D, and 25E".
20	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
21	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
22	ber 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 115. PHASEOUT OF 4.3-CENT MOTOR FUEL EXCISE
2	TAXES ON RAILROADS AND INLAND WATER
3	WAY TRANSPORTATION WHICH REMAIN IN
4	GENERAL FUND.
5	(a) Taxes on Trains.—
6	(1) In General.—Clause (ii) of section
7	4041(a)(1)(C) is amended by striking subclauses (I)
8	(II), and (III) and inserting the following new sub-
9	clauses:
10	"(I) 3.3 cents per gallon after
11	September 30, 2001, and before Janu
12	ary 1, 2005,
13	"(II) 2.3 cents per gallon after
14	December 31, 2004, and before Janu
15	ary 1, 2007,
16	"(III) 1.3 cents per gallon after
17	December 31, 2006, and before Janu
18	ary 1, 2009,
19	"(IV) 0.3 cent per gallon after De-
20	cember 31, 2008, and before January
21	1, 2010, and
22	"(V) 0 after December 31, 2009."
23	(2) Conforming amendments.—
24	(A) Subsection (d) of section 4041 is
25	amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as

1	paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph
2	(2) the following new paragraph:
3	"(3) Diesel fuel used in trains.—In the case
4	of any sale for use (or use) after September 30, 2010,
5	there is hereby imposed a tax of 0.1 cent per gallon
6	on any liquid other than gasoline (as defined in sec-
7	tion 4083)—
8	"(A) sold by any person to an owner, lessee,
9	or other operator of a diesel-powered train for
10	use as a fuel in such train, or
11	"(B) used by any person as a fuel in a die-
12	sel-powered train unless there was a taxable sale
13	of such fuel under subparagraph $(A)$ .
14	No tax shall be imposed by this paragraph on the sale
15	or use of any liquid if tax was imposed on such liq-
16	uid under section 4081."
17	(B) Subsection (f) of section 4082 is amend-
18	ed by striking "section 4041(a)(1)" and inserting
19	"subsections (a)(1) and (d)(3) of section 4041".
20	(C) Subparagraph (B) of section 6421(f)(3)
21	is amended to read as follows:
22	"(B) so much of the rate specified in section
23	4081(a)(2)(A) as does not exceed the rate appli-
24	cable under section $4041(a)(1)(C)(ii)$ .".

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(D) Subparagraph (B) of section 6427(1)(3)
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             is amended to read as follows:
 3
                  "(B) so much of the rate specified in section
             4081(a)(2)(A) as does not exceed the rate appli-
 4
 5
             cable under section 4041(a)(1)(C)(ii).".
         (b) Fuel Used on Inland Waterways.—Subpara-
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   graph (C) of section 4042(b)(2) is amended to read as fol-
 8
   lows:
 9
                  "(C) The deficit reduction rate is—
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                       "(i) 3.3 cents per gallon after Sep-
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                  tember 30, 2001, and before January 1,
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                  2005,
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                       "(ii) 2.3 cents per gallon after Decem-
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                  ber 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007,
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                       "(iii) 1.3 cents per gallon after Decem-
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                  ber 31, 2006, and before January 1, 2009,
17
                       "(iv) 0.3 cent per gallon after Decem-
18
                  ber 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2010,
19
                  and
                       "(v) 0 after December 31, 2009.".
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21
         (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
   section shall take effect on October 1, 2001.
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1	SEC. 116. REDUCED MOTOR FUEL EXCISE TAX ON CERTAIN
2	MIXTURES OF DIESEL FUEL.
3	(a) In General.—Clause (iii) of section
4	4081(a)(2)(A) is amended by inserting before the period
5	"(19.7 cents per gallon in the case of a diesel-water fuel
6	emulsion at least 14 percent of which is water)".
7	(b) Refunds for Tax-Paid Purchases.—
8	(1) In General.—Section 6427 is amended by
9	redesignating subsections (m) through (p) as sub-
10	sections (n) through (q), respectively, and by inserting
11	after subsection (l) the following new subsection:
12	"(m) Diesel Fuel Used To Produce Emulsion.—
13	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
14	section (k), if any diesel fuel on which tax was im-
15	posed by section 4081 at the regular tax rate is used
16	by any person in producing an emulsion described in
17	section $4081(a)(2)(A)$ which is sold or used in such
18	person's trade or business, the Secretary shall pay
19	(without interest) to such person an amount equal to
20	the excess of the regular tax rate over the incentive
21	tax rate with respect to such fuel.
22	"(2) Definitions.—For purposes of paragraph
23	(1)—
24	"(A) Regular tax rate.—The term reg-
25	ular tax rate' means the aggregate rate of tax
26	imposed by section 4081 determined without re-

1	gard to the parenthetical in section
2	4081(a)(2)(A).
3	"(B) Incentive tax rate.—The term 'in-
4	centive tax rate' means the aggregate rate of tax
5	imposed by section 4081 determined with regard
6	to the parenthetical in section $4081(a)(2)(A)$ ."
7	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
8	section shall take effect on October 1, 2001.
9	SEC. 117. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING AD-
10	VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
11	(a) Allowance of Qualifying Advanced Clean
12	Coal Technology Facility Credit.—Section 46 (relat-
13	ing to amount of credit) is amended by striking "and" at
14	the end of paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end
15	of paragraph (3) and inserting ", and", and by adding at
16	the end the following:
17	"(4) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
18	nology facility credit.".
19	(b) Amount of Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal
20	Technology Facility Credit.—Subpart E of part IV of
21	subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to rules for computing
22	investment credit) is amended by inserting after section 48
23	the following:

1	"SEC. 48A. QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-
2	NOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.
3	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 46, the
4	qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit for
5	any taxable year is an amount equal to 10 percent of the
6	qualified investment in a qualifying advanced clean coal
7	technology facility for such taxable year.
8	"(b) Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal Tech-
9	NOLOGY FACILITY.—
10	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
11	(a), the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
12	nology facility' means a facility of the taxpayer
13	which—
14	" $(A)(i)(I)$ original use of which commences
15	with the taxpayer, or
16	"(II) is a retrofitted or repowered conven-
17	tional technology facility, the retrofitting or
18	repowering of which is completed by the tax-
19	payer (but only with respect to that portion of
20	the basis which is properly attributable to such
21	retrofitting or repowering), or
22	"(ii) is acquired through purchase (as de-
23	fined by section $179(d)(2)$ ,
24	"(B) is depreciable under section 167,
25	"(C) has a useful life of not less than 4
26	years,

1	"(D) is located in the United States, and
2	"(E) uses qualifying advanced clean coal
3	technology.
4	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
5	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
6	in the case of a facility which—
7	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
8	person, and
9	"(B) is sold and leased back by such person,
10	or is leased to such person, within 3 months after
11	the date such facility was originally placed in
12	service, for a period of not less than 12 years,
13	such facility shall be treated as originally placed in
14	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
15	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred to
16	in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence shall
17	not apply to any property if the lessee and lessor of
18	such property make an election under this sentence.
19	Such an election, once made, may be revoked only
20	with the consent of the Secretary.
21	"(c) Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal Tech-
22	NOLOGY.—For purposes of this section—
23	"(1) In General.—The term 'qualifying ad-
24	vanced clean coal technology' means, with respect to
25	clean coal technology—

1	"(A) which has—
2	"(i) multiple applications, with a com-
3	bined capacity of not more than 5,000
4	megawatts (4,000 megawatts before 2009),
5	of advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric
6	fluidized bed combustion technology—
7	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
8	or repowering application,
9	"(II) operated between 2000 and
10	2012, and
11	"(III) having a design net heat
12	rate of not more than 9,500 Btu per
13	kilowatt hour when the design coal has
14	a heat content of more than 9,000 Btu
15	per pound, or a design net heat rate of
16	not more than 9,900 Btu per kilowatt
17	hour when the design coal has a heat
18	content of 9,000 Btu per pound or less,
19	"(ii) multiple applications, with a
20	combined capacity of not more than 1,000
21	megawatts (500 megawatts before 2009 and
22	750 megawatts before 2013), of pressurized
23	fluidized bed combustion technology—
24	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
25	or repowering application,

1	"(II) operated between 2000 and
2	2016, and
3	"(III) having a design net heat
4	rate of not more than 8,400 Btu per
5	kilowatt hour when the design coal has
6	a heat content of more than 9,000 Btu
7	per pound, or a design net heat rate of
8	not more than 9,900 Btu's per kilowatt
9	hour when the design coal has a heat
10	content of 9,000 Btu per pound or less,
11	and
12	"(iii) multiple applications, with a
13	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
14	megawatts (1,000 megawatts before 2009
15	and 1,500 megawatts before 2013), of inte-
16	grated gasification combined cycle tech-
17	nology, with or without fuel or chemical co-
18	production—
19	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
20	or repowering application,
21	"(II) operated between 2000 and
22	2016,
23	"(III) having a design net heat
24	rate of not more than 8,550 Btu per
25	kilowatt hour when the design coal has

1	a heat content of more than 9,000 Btu
2	per pound, or a design net heat rate
3	of not more than 9,900 Btu per kilo-
4	watt hour when the design coal has a
5	heat content of 9,000 Btu per pound
6	or less, and
7	"(IV) having a net thermal effi-
8	ciency on any fuel or chemical co-pro-
9	duction of not less than 39 percent
10	(higher heating value), or
11	"(iv) multiple applications, with a
12	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
13	megawatts (1,000 megawatts before 2009
14	and 1,500 megawatts before 2013) of tech-
15	nology for the production of electricity—
16	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
17	or repowering application,
18	"(II) operated between 2000 and
19	2016, and
20	"(III) having a carbon emission
21	rate which is not more than 85 percent
22	of conventional technology, and
23	"(B) which reduces the discharge into the
24	atmosphere of 1 or more of the following pollut-
25	ants to not more than—

1	"(i) 5 percent of the potential combus-
2	tion concentration sulfur dioxide emissions
3	for a coal with a potential combustion con-
4	centration sulfur emission of 1.2 lb/million
5	btu of heat input or greater,
6	"(ii) 15 percent of the potential com-
7	bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-
8	sions for a coal with a potential combustion
9	concentration sulfur emission of less than
10	1.2 lb/million btu of heat input,
11	"(iii) nitrogen oxide emissions of 0.1 lb
12	per million btu of heat input from other
13	than cyclone-fired boilers,
14	"(iv) 15 percent of the uncontrolled ni-
15	trogen oxide emissions from cyclone-fired
16	boilers,
17	"(v) particulate emissions of 0.02 lb
18	per million btu of heat input, and
19	"(vi) the emission levels specified in
20	the new source performance standards of the
21	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) in effect at
22	the time of retrofitting, repowering, or re-
23	placement of the qualifying clean coal tech-
24	nology unit for the category of source if

1	such level is lower than the levels specified	
2	in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v).	
3	"(2) Exceptions.—Such term shall not include	
4	any projects receiving or scheduled to receive funding	
5	under the Clean Coal Technology Program, or the	
6	Power Plant Improvement administered by the Sec-	
7	retary of the Department of Energy.	
8	"(d) Clean Coal Technology.—For purposes of this	
9	section, the term 'clean coal technology' means advanced	
10	technology which uses coal to produce 75 percent or more	
11	1 of its thermal output as electricity including advanced pu	
12	verized coal or atmospheric fluidized bed combustion, pres-	
13	surized fluidized bed combustion, integrated gasification	
14	combined cycle with or without fuel or chemical co-produc-	
15	tion, and any other technology for the production of elec-	
16	tricity which exceeds the performance of conventional tech	
17	nology.	
18	"(e) Conventional Technology.—The term 'conven-	
19	tional technology' means—	
20	"(1) coal-fired combustion technology with a de-	
21	sign net heat rate of not less than 9,500 Btu per kilo-	
22	watt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission	
23	rate of not more than 0.54 pounds of carbon per kilo-	
24	watt hour when the design coal has a heat content of	
25	more than 9,000 Btu per pound,	

1	"(2) coal-fired combustion technology with a de-
2	sign net heat rate of not less than 10,500 Btu per kil-
3	owatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission
4	rate of not more than 0.60 pounds of carbon per kilo-
5	watt hour when the design coal has a heat content of
6	9,000 Btu per pound or less, or
7	"(3) natural gas-fired combustion technology
8	with a design net heat rate of not less than 7,500 Btu
9	per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents
10	emission rate of not more than 0.24 pounds of carbon
11	per kilowatt hour.
12	"(f) Design Net Heat Rate.—The design net heat
13	rate shall be based on the design annual heat input to and
14	the design annual net electrical output from the qualifying
15	advanced clean coal technology (determined without regard
16	to such technology's co-generation of steam).
17	"(g) Selection Criteria for
18	qualifying advanced clean coal technology facilities—
19	"(1) shall be established by the Secretary of En-
20	ergy as part of a competitive solicitation,
21	"(2) shall include primary criteria of minimum
22	design net heat rate, maximum design thermal effi-
23	ciency, environmental performance, and lowest cost to
24	the government, and

1 "(3) shall include supplemental criteria as deter-2 mined appropriate by the Secretary of Energy. 3 "(h) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with re-5 spect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying advanced 6 clean coal technology facility placed in service by the taxpayer during such taxable year. 8 "(i) Qualified Progress Expenditures.— 9 "(1) Increase in qualified investment.—In 10 the case of a taxpayer who has made an election 11 under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-12 vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (deter-13 mined under subsection (c) without regard to this sec-14 tion) shall be increased by an amount equal to the ag-15 gregate of each qualified progress expenditure for the 16 taxable year with respect to progress expenditure

"(2) Progress expenditure property described by or for the taxpayer and which it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility which is being constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is placed in service.

property.

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1	"(3) Qualified progress expenditures de-
2	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
3	"(A) Self-constructed property.—In
4	the case of any self-constructed property, the
5	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means the
6	amount which, for purposes of this subpart, is
7	properly chargeable (during such taxable year)
8	to capital account with respect to such property.
9	"(B) Nonself-constructed property.—
10	In the case of nonself-constructed property, the
11	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means the
12	amount paid during the taxable year to another
13	person for the construction of such property.
14	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of this
15	subsection—
16	"(A) Self-constructed property.—The
17	term 'self-constructed property' means property
18	for which it is reasonable to believe that more
19	than half of the construction expenditures will be
20	made directly by the taxpayer.
21	"(B) Nonself-constructed property.—
22	The term 'nonself-constructed property' means
23	property which is not self-constructed property.
24	"(C) Construction, etc.—The term 'con-
25	struction' includes reconstruction and erection,

1	and the term 'constructed' includes reconstructed
2	and erected.
3	"(D) Only construction of qualifying
4	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY
5	TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Construction
6	shall be taken into account only if, for purposes
7	of this subpart, expenditures therefor are prop-
8	erly chargeable to capital account with respect to
9	the property.
10	"(5) Election.—An election under this sub-
11	section may be made at such time and in such man-
12	ner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
13	Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
14	which made and to all subsequent taxable years. Such
15	an election, once made, may not be revoked except
16	with the consent of the Secretary.
17	"(j) Coordination With Other Credits.—This sec-
18	tion shall not apply to any property with respect to which
19	the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the energy cred-
20	it under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer elects to
21	waive the application of such credit to such property.
22	"(k) Termination.—This section shall not apply with
23	respect to any qualified investment made after December
24	31, 2011.
25	"(l) National Limitation.—

- "(1) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility' shall include such a facility only to the extent that such facility is allocated a portion of the national megawatt limitation under this subsection.
  - "(2) National megawatt limitation under this subsection is 7,500 megawatts.
  - "(3) ALLOCATION OF LIMITATION.—The national megawatt limitation shall be allocated by the Secretary under rules prescribed by the Secretary. Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section, including regulations—
    - "(A) to limit which facility qualifies as 'qualified advanced clean coal technology' in subsection (c) to particular facilities, a portion of particular facilities, or a portion of the production from particular facilities, so that when all such facilities (or portions thereof) are placed in service over the ten year period in section (k), the combination of facilities approved for tax credits (and/or portions of facilities approved for

1	tax credits) will not exceed a combined capacity
2	of 7,500 megawatts;
3	"(B) to provide a certification process in
4	consultation with the Secretary of Energy under
5	subsection (g) that will approve and allocate the
6	7,500 megawatts of available tax credits
7	authority—
8	"(i) to encourage that facilities with
9	the highest thermal efficiencies and environ-
10	mental performance be placed in service as
11	soon as possible;
12	"(ii) to allocate credits to taxpayers
13	that have a definite and credible plan for
14	placing into commercial operation a quali-
15	fying advanced clean coal technology facil-
16	ity, including—
17	"(I) $a$ site,
18	"(II) contractual commitments for
19	procurement and construction,
20	"(III) filings for all necessary
21	$preconstruction\ approvals,$
22	"(IV) a demonstrated record of
23	having successfully completed com-
24	parable projects on a timely basis, and

1	"(V) such other factors that the
2	Secretary shall determine are appro-
3	priate;
4	"(iii) to allocate credits to a portion of
5	a facility (or a portion of the production
6	from a facility) if the Secretary determines
7	that such an allocation should maximize the
8	amount of efficient production encouraged
9	with the available tax credits;
10	"(C) to set progress requirements and condi-
11	tional approvals so that credits for approved
12	projects that become unlikely to meet the nec-
13	essary conditions that can be reallocated by the
14	Secretary to other projects;
15	"(D) to reallocate credits that are not allo-
16	cated to 1 technology described in clauses (i)
17	through (iv) of subsection (c)(1)(A) because an
18	insufficient number of qualifying facilities re-
19	quested credits for one technology, to another
20	technology described in another subparagraph of
21	subsection (c) in order to maximize the amount
22	of energy efficient production encouraged with
23	the available tax credits; and
24	"(E) to provide taxpayers with opportuni-
25	ties to correct administrative errors and omis-

sions with respect to allocations and recordkeeping within a reasonable period after their discovery, taking into account the availability of regulations and other administrative guidance from the Secretary.".

(c) Recapture.—Section 50(a) (relating to other spe-

7 cial rules) is amended by adding at the end the following:
8 "(6) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO QUALIFYING
9 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY.—For
10 purposes of applying this subsection in the case of
11 any credit allowable by reason of section 48A, the fol-

lowing shall apply:

"(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the amount of the increase in tax under paragraph (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount equal to the investment tax credit allowed under section 38 for all prior taxable years with respect to a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility (as defined by section 48A(b)(1)) multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the number of years remaining to fully depreciate under this title the qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility disposed of, and whose denominator is the total number of years over which such facility would otherwise have been subject to

depreciation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the year of disposition of the qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility property shall be treated as a year of remaining depreciation.

- "(B) Property ceases to qualify for Progress expenditures.—Rules similar to the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the case of qualified progress expenditures for a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility under section 48A, except that the amount of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of the amount described in such paragraph (2).
- "(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This paragraph shall be applied separately with respect to the credit allowed under section 38 regarding a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility.".
- 20 (d) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to 21 transitional rules) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 23 "(14) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48A CREDIT 24 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused 25 business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-

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1	utable to the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-			
2	nology facility credit determined under section 48A			
3	may be carried back to a taxable year ending before			
4	January 1, 2002.".			
5	(e) Technical Amendments.—			
6	(1) Section $49(a)(1)(C)$ is amended by striking			
7	"and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the period			
8	at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and			
9	by adding at the end the following:			
10	"(iv) the portion of the basis of any			
11	qualifying advanced clean coal technology			
12	facility attributable to any qualified invest-			
13	ment (as defined by section 48A(c))."			
14	(2) Section $50(a)(4)$ is amended by striking			
15	"and (2)" and inserting ", (2), and (6)".			
16	(3) Section 50(c) is amended by adding at the			
17	end the following new paragraph:			
18	"(6) Special rule for qualifying advanced			
19	CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITIES.—Paragraphs			
20	(1) and (2) shall not apply to any property with re-			
21	spect to the credit determined under section 48A."			
22	(4) The table of sections for subpart E of part IV			
23	of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting			
24	after the item relating to section 48 the following:			
	"Sec. 48A. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit.".			

1	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to periods after December 31, 2001,
3	under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m) of the In-
4	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the day before
5	the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of
6	1990).
7	SEC. 118. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING AD-
8	VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
9	(a) Credit for Production From Qualifying Ad-
10	VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—Subpart D of part IV
11	of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related
12	credits) is amended by adding after section 45J the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"SEC. 45K. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING
15	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
16	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
17	qualifying advanced clean coal technology production credit
18	of any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to—
19	"(1) the applicable amount of advanced clean
20	coal technology production credit, multiplied by
21	"(2) the sum of—
22	"(A) the kilowatt hours of electricity, plus
23	"(B) each 3,413 Btu of fuels or chemicals,
24	produced by the taxpayer during such taxable year at
25	a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility

1	during the 10-year period beginning on the date the		
2	facility was originally placed in service.		
3	"(b) Applicable Amount.—For purposes of this sec		
4	tion, the applicable amount of advanced clean coal tech		
5	nology production credit with respect to production from		
6	a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility shall		
7	be determined as follows:		
8	"(1) Where the design coal has a heat content of		
9	more than 9,000 Btu per pound:		
10	"(A) In the case of a facility originally		
11	placed in service before 2009, if—		
	The applicable amount is:		
	"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:  to:  For 1st 5 years of such service such service  such service		
	Not more than 8,400         \$.0060         \$.0038           More than 8,400 but not more than 8,550         \$.0025         \$.0010           More than 8,550 but not more than 8,750         \$.0010         \$.0010		
12	"(B) In the case of a facility originally		
13	placed in service after 2008 and before 2013,		
14	if—		
	"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal		
	to: For 1st 5 years of For 2d 5 years of such service such service		
	Not more than 7,770       \$.0105       \$.0090         More than 7,770 but not more than 8,125       \$.0085       \$.0068         More than 8,125 but not more than 8,350       \$.0075       \$.0055		
15	"(C) In the case of a facility originally		
16	placed in service after 2012 and before 2017,		
17	if—		

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,380	\$.0140	\$.01
More than 7,380 but not more than 7,720	\$.0120	\$.0090.

- 1 "(2) Where the design coal has a heat content of
- 2 not more than 9,000 Btu per pound:
- 3 "(A) In the case of a facility originally
- 4 placed in service before 2009, if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,500	\$.0060	\$.0038
More than 8,500 but not more than 8,650	\$.0025	\$.0010
More than 8,650 but not more than 8,750	\$.0010	\$.0010.

5 "(B) In the case of a facility originally

6 placed in service after 2008 and before 2013,

7 *if*—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,000	\$.0105	\$.009
More than 8,000 but not more than 8,250	\$.0085	\$.0068
More than 8,250 but not more than 8,400	\$.0075	\$.0055.

8 "(C) In the case of a facility originally

9 placed in service after 2012 and before 2017,

10 *if*—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,800	\$.0140 \$.0120	\$.0115 \$.0090.

- 11 "(3) Where the clean coal technology facility is
- 12 producing fuel or chemicals:

1	"(A) In the case of a facility originally
2	placed in service before 2009, if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 40.6 percent	\$.0060	\$.0038
Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent	\$.0025	\$.0010
Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent	\$.0010	\$.0010.

3 "(B) In the case of a facility originally
4 placed in service after 2008 and before 2013,
5 if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 43.9 percent	\$.0105	\$.009
Less than 43.9 but not less than 42 percent	\$.0085	\$.0068
Less than 42 but not less than 40.9 percent	\$.0075	\$.0055.

6 "(C) In the case of a facility originally
7 placed in service after 2012 and before 2017,
8 if—

	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 44.2 percent Less than 44.2 but not less than 43.6 percent	\$.0140 \$.0120	\$.0115 \$.0090.

9 "(c) Inflation Adjustment Factor.—For calendar 10 years after 2001, each amount in paragraphs (1), (2), and 11 (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by the 12 inflation adjustment factor for the calendar year in which 13 the amount is applied. If any amount as increased under 14 the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, such

1	amount shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of 0.01
2	cent.
3	"(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
4	poses of this section—

- 5 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any term used in this sec-6 tion which is also used in section 48A shall have the 7 meaning given such term in section 48A.
- 8 "(2) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para-9 graphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 shall apply.
- 10 "(3) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—The
  11 term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with respect
  12 to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator of which
  13 is the GDP implicit price deflator for the preceding
  14 calendar year and the denominator of which is the
  15 GDP implicit price deflator for the calendar year
  16 2001.
- "(4) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The
  term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the
  gross domestic product as computed by the Department of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar
  year.".
- 23 (b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section 24 38(b) is amended by striking "plus" at the end of para-25 graph (18), by striking the period at the end of paragraph

- 1 (19) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the
- 2 following:
- 3 "(20) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
- 4 nology production credit determined under section
- 5 45K(a).".
- 6 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to
- 7 transitional rules) is amended by adding after paragraph
- 8 (14) the following:
- 9 "(15) No carryback of section 45K credit
- 10 Before effective date.—No portion of the unused
- business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
- 12 utable to the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
- 13 nology production credit determined under section
- 14 45K may be carried back to a taxable year ending be-
- 15 fore the date of enactment of section 45K.".
- 16 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for
- 17 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amend-
- 18 ed by adding at the end the following:

"Sec. 45K. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.".

- 19 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 20 section shall apply to production after the date of enactment
- 21 of this Act.

1	TITLE II—RELIABILITY
2	SEC. 201. NATURAL GAS GATHERING LINES TREATED AS 7-
3	YEAR PROPERTY.
4	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
5	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property) is
6	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (i), by re-
7	designating clause (ii) as clause (iii), and by inserting after
8	clause (i) the following new clause:
9	"(ii) any natural gas gathering line,
10	and".
11	(b) Natural Gas Gathering Line.—Subsection (i)
12	of section 168 is amended by adding after paragraph (15)
13	the following new paragraph:
14	"(16) Natural gas gathering line.—The
15	term 'natural gas gathering line' means—
16	"(A) the pipe, equipment, and appur-
17	tenances determined to be a gathering line by the
18	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or
19	"(B) the pipe, equipment, and appur-
20	tenances used to deliver natural gas from the
21	wellhead or a commonpoint to the point at which
22	such gas first reaches—
23	"(i) a gas processing plant,
24	"(ii) an interconnection with a trans-
25	mission vineline certificated by the Federal

1	Energy Regulatory Commission as an
2	interstate transmission pipeline,
3	"(iii) an interconnection with an
4	intrastate transmission pipeline, or
5	"(iv) a direct interconnection with a
6	local distribution company, a gas storage
7	facility, or an industrial consumer.".
8	(c) Alternative System.—The table contained in
9	section $168(g)(3)(B)$ is amended by inserting after the item
10	relating to subparagraph $(C)(i)$ the following:
	"(C)(ii)
11	(d) Alternative Minimum Tax Exception.—Sub-
12	paragraph (B) of section 56(a)(1) is amended by inserting
13	before the period the following: "or in clause (ii) of section
14	168(e)(3)(C)".
15	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
16	section shall apply to property placed in service after the
17	date of the enactment of this Act.
18	SEC. 202. NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION LINES TREATED AS
19	10-YEAR PROPERTY.
20	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (D) of section
21	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property) is
22	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (i), by strik-
23	ing the period at the end of clause (ii) and by inserting
24	", and", and by adding at the end the following new clause:

1	"(iii) any natural gas distribution
2	line."
3	(b) Alternative System.—The table contained in
4	section $168(g)(3)(B)$ is amended by inserting after the item
5	relating to subparagraph $(D)(ii)$ the following:
	"(D)(iii)
6	(c) Alternative Minimum Tax Exception.—Sub-
7	paragraph (B) of section 56(a)(1) is amended by inserting
8	before the period the following: "or in clause (iii) of section
9	168(e)(3)(D)".
10	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
11	section shall apply to property placed in service after the
12	date of the enactment of this Act.
13	SEC. 203. PETROLEUM REFINING PROPERTY TREATED AS 7-
14	YEAR PROPERTY.
15	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
16	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property), as
17	100(c)(5) (retaining to exassification of certain property), as
1 /	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at
	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at
18	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by redesignating clause (iii) as clause
18 19	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv), and by inserting after clause (ii) the following new
18 19 20	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv), and by inserting after clause (ii) the following new clause:
18 19 20 21	amended by section 201, is amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv), and by inserting after clause (ii) the following new clause:  "(iii) any property used for the dis-

1	(b) Alternative System.—The table contained in
2	section $168(g)(3)(B)$ , as amended by section 201, is amend-
3	ed by inserting after the item relating to subparagraph
4	(C)(ii) the following:
	"(C)(iii)
5	(c) Alternative Minimum Tax Exception.—Sub-
6	paragraph (B) of section 56(a)(1), as amended by section
7	201, is amended by inserting "or (iii)" after "clause (ii)".
8	(d) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
9	section shall apply to property placed in service after the
10	date of the enactment of this Act.
11	SEC. 204. EXPENSING OF CAPITAL COSTS INCURRED IN
12	COMPLYING WITH ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC-
13	TION AGENCY SULFUR REGULATIONS.
14	(a) In General.—Section 179(b) (relating to election
15	to expense certain depreciable business assets) is amended
16	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
17	"(5) Limitation for small business refin-
18	ERS.—
19	"(A) In General.—In the case of a small
20	business refiner electing to expense qualified
21	costs, in lieu of the dollar limitations in para-
22	graph (1), the limitation on the aggregate costs
23	which may be taken into account under sub-
24	section (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed
25	75 percent of the qualified costs.

- 1 "(B) QUALIFIED COSTS.—For purposes of
  2 this paragraph, the term 'qualified costs' means
  3 costs paid or incurred by a small business re4 finer for the purpose of complying with the
  5 Highway Diesel Fuel Sulfur Control Require6 ments of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- 7 "(C) Small business refiner.—For pur-8 poses of this paragraph, the term 'small business 9 refiner' means, with respect to any taxable year, a refiner which, within the refining operations of 10 11 the business, employs not more than 1,500 em-12 ployees on business days during such taxable 13 year performing services in the refining oper-14 ations of such businesses and has an average 15 total capacity of 155,000 barrels per day or 16 less.".
- 17 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this 18 section shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after the 19 date of the enactment of this Act.

## 20 SEC. 205. ENVIRONMENTAL TAX CREDIT.

21 (a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter 22 A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits) is 23 amended by adding at the end the following new section:

## 1 "SEC. 45I. ENVIRONMENTAL TAX CREDIT.

2	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, the
3	amount of the environmental tax credit determined under
4	this section with respect to any small business refiner for
5	any taxable year is an amount equal to 5 cents for every
6	gallon of 15 parts per million or less sulfur diesel produced
7	at a facility by such small business refiner.
8	"(b) Maximum Credit.—For any small business re-
9	finer, the aggregate amount allowable as a credit under sub-
10	section (a) for any taxable year with respect to any facility
11	shall not exceed 25 percent of the qualified capital costs in-
12	curred by such small business refiner with respect to such
13	facility not taken into account in determining the credit
14	under subsection (a) for any preceding taxable year.
15	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
16	"(1) Small business refiner.—The term
17	'small business refiner' means, with respect to any
18	taxable year, a refiner which, within the refining op-
19	erations of the business, employs not more than 1,500
20	employees on business days during such taxable year
21	performing services in the refining operations of such
22	businesses and has an average total capacity of
23	155,000 barrels per day or less.
24	"(2) Qualified capital costs.—The term
25	'qualified capital costs' means, with respect to any fa-
26	cility, those costs paid or incurred during the appli-

- 1 cable period for compliance with the applicable EPA 2 regulations with respect to such facility, including expenditures for the construction of new process oper-3 4 ation units or the dismantling and reconstruction of existing process units to be used in the production of 5 6 15 parts per million or less sulfur diesel fuel, associ-7 ated adjacent or offsite equipment (including tankage, 8 catalyst, and power supply), engineering, construc-9 tion period interest, and sitework.
  - "(3) APPLICABLE EPA REGULATIONS.—The term 'applicable EPA regulations' means the Highway Diesel Fuel Sulfur Control Requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- 14 "(4) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—The term 'applicable
  15 period' means, with respect to any facility, the period
  16 beginning on the day after the date of the enactment
  17 of this section and ending with the date which is one
  18 year after the date on which the taxpayer must com19 ply with the applicable EPA regulations with respect
  20 to such facility.
- "(d) REDUCTION IN BASIS.—For purposes of this subtitle, if a credit is determined under this section with respect to any property by reason of qualified capital costs, the basis of such property shall be reduced by the amount of the credit so determined.

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## "(e) Certification.—

"(1) REQUIRED.—Not later than the date which is 30 months after the first day of the first taxable year in which the environmental tax credit is allowed with respect to a facility, the small business refiner must obtain certification from the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, that the taxpayer's qualified capital costs with respect to such facility will result in compliance with the applicable EPA regulations.

- "(2) Contents of Application.—An application for certification shall include relevant information regarding unit capacities and operating characteristics sufficient for the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, to determine that such qualified capital costs are necessary for compliance with the applicable EPA regulations.
- "(3) Review Period.—Any application shall be reviewed and notice of certification, if applicable, shall be made within 60 days of receipt of such application.
- 24 "(4) Recapture.—Notwithstanding subsection 25 (f), failure to obtain certification under paragraph

1	(1) constitutes a recapture event under subsection (f.
2	with an applicable percentage of 100 percent.
3	"(f) Recapture of Environmental Tax Credit.—
4	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
5	section (e), if, as of the close of any taxable year, there
6	is a recapture event with respect to any facility of the
7	small business refiner, then the tax of such refiner
8	under this chapter for such taxable year shall be in
9	creased by an amount equal to the product of—
10	"(A) the applicable recapture percentage
11	and
12	"(B) the aggregate decrease in the credits
13	allowed under section 38 for all prior taxable
14	years which would have resulted if the qualified
15	capital costs of the taxpayer described in sub-
16	section $(c)(2)$ with respect to such facility had
17	been zero.
18	"(2) Applicable recapture percentage.—
19	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
20	subsection, the applicable recapture percentage
21	shall be determined from the following table:
	The applicable recapture
	"If the recapture event occurs in: percentage is
	Year 1       100         Year 2       80
	Year 3
	Year 4
	Year 5

1	"(B) YEARS.—For purposes of subpara-
2	graph (A), year 1 shall begin on the first day of
3	the taxable year in which the qualified capital
4	costs with respect to a facility described in sub-
5	section (c)(2) are paid or incurred by the tax-
6	payer.
7	"(3) Recapture event defined.—For pur-
8	poses of this subsection, the term 'recapture event'
9	means—
10	"(A) Failure to comply.—The failure by
11	the small business refiner to meet the applicable
12	EPA regulations within the applicable period
13	with respect to the facility.
14	"(B) Cessation of operation.—The ces-
15	sation of the operation of the facility as a facil-
16	ity which produces 15 parts per million or less
17	sulfur diesel after the applicable period.
18	"(C) Change in ownership.—
19	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
20	in clause (ii), the disposition of a small
21	business refiner's interest in the facility
22	with respect to which the credit described in
23	subsection (a) was allowable.
24	"(ii) AGREEMENT TO ASSUME RECAP-
25	TURE LIABILITY.—Clause (i) shall not

apply if the person acquiring such interest in the facility agrees in writing to assume the recapture liability of the person disposing of such interest in effect immediately before such disposition. In the event of such an assumption, the person acquiring the interest in the facility shall be treated as the taxpayer for purposes of assessing any recapture liability (computed as if there had been no change in ownership).

## "(4) Special rules.—

"(A) Tax benefit rule.—The tax for the taxable year shall be increased under paragraph (1) only with respect to credits allowed by reason of this section which were used to reduce tax liability. In the case of credits not so used to reduce tax liability, the carryforwards and carrybacks under section 39 shall be appropriately adjusted.

"(B) No credits against tax.—Any increase in tax under this subsection shall not be treated as a tax imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining the amount of any credit under this chapter or for purposes of section 55.

1	"(C) No recapture by reason of cas-
2	UALTY LOSS.—The increase in tax under this
3	subsection shall not apply to a cessation of oper-
4	ation of the facility by reason of a casualty loss
5	to the extent such loss is restored by reconstruc-
6	tion or replacement within a reasonable period
7	established by the Secretary.
8	"(g) Controlled Groups.—For purposes of this sec-
9	tion, all persons treated as a single employer under sub-
10	section (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 shall be treated
11	as a single employer.".
12	(b) Credit Made Part of General Business
13	CREDIT.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to general
14	business credit) is amended by striking "plus" at the end
15	of paragraph (16), by striking the period at the end of para-
16	graph (17) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the
17	end the following new paragraph:
18	"(18) in the case of a small business refiner, the
19	environmental tax credit determined under section
20	45I(a).".
21	(c) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 280C (re-
22	lating to certain expenses for which credits are allowable)
23	is amended by adding after subsection (d) the following new
24	subsection:

- 1 "(e) Environmental Tax Credit.—No deduction
- 2 shall be allowed for that portion of the expenses otherwise
- 3 allowable as a deduction for the taxable year which is equal
- 4 to the amount of the credit determined for the taxable year
- 5 under section 45I(a).".
- 6 (d) Basis Adjustment.—Section 1016(a) (relating to
- 7 adjustments to basis) is amended by striking "and" at the
- 8 end of paragraph (33), by striking the period at the end
- 9 of paragraph (34) and inserting ", and", and by adding
- 10 at the end the following new paragraph:
- 11 "(35) in the case of a facility with respect to
- 12 which a credit was allowed under section 45I, to the
- 13 extent provided in section 45I(d).".
- 14 (e) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 15 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amend-
- 16 ed by adding at the end the following new item:

"Sec. 45I. Environmental tax credit.".

- 17 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 18 section shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after the
- 19 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 20 SEC. 206. DETERMINATION OF SMALL REFINER EXCEPTION
- 21 TO OIL DEPLETION DEDUCTION.
- 22 (a) In General.—Paragraph (4) of section 613A(d)
- 23 (relating to certain refiners excluded) is amended to read
- 24 as follows:

1	"(4) Certain refiners excluded.—If the tax-
2	payer or a related person engages in the refining of
3	crude oil, subsection (c) shall not apply to the tax-
4	payer for a taxable year if the average daily refinery
5	runs of the taxpayer and the related person for the
6	taxable year exceed 75,000 barrels. For purposes of
7	this paragraph, the average daily refinery runs for
8	any taxable year shall be determined by dividing the
9	aggregate refinery runs for the taxable year by the
10	number of days in the taxable year.".
11	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
12	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
13	ber 31, 2001.
14	SEC. 207. TAX-EXEMPT BOND FINANCING OF CERTAIN ELEC-
15	TRIC FACILITIES.
16	(a) In General.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter
17	B of chapter 1 (relating to tax exemption requirements for
18	State and local bonds) is amended by inserting after section
19	141 the following new section:
20	"SEC. 141A. TREATMENT OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED ELEC-
21	TRIC OUTPUT FACILITIES.
22	"(a) Exceptions From Private Business Use Lim-
23	ITATIONS WHERE OPEN ACCESS REQUIREMENTS MET.—
24	"(1) General rule.—For purposes of this part,
25	the term 'private business use' shall not include—

1	"(A) any permitted open access activity by
2	a governmental unit with respect to an electric
3	output facility owned by such unit, or
4	"(B) any permitted sale of electricity by a
5	governmental unit which is generated at an ex-
6	isting generation facility owned by such unit.
7	"(2) Permitted open access activity.—For
8	purposes of this section—
9	"(A) In General.—The term 'permitted
10	open access activity' means any activity meeting
11	the open access requirements of any of the fol-
12	lowing clauses with respect to such electric out-
13	put facility:
14	"(i) Transmission and ancillary
15	FACILITY.—In the case of a transmission fa-
16	cility or a facility providing ancillary serv-
17	ices, the provision of transmission service
18	and ancillary services meets the open access
19	requirements of this clause only if such serv-
20	ices are provided on a nondiscriminatory
21	open access basis—
22	"(I) pursuant to an open access
23	transmission tariff filed with and ap-
24	proved by FERC, including an accept-
25	able reciprocity tariff, or

1	"(II) under a regional trans-
2	mission organization agreement ap-
3	proved by FERC.
4	"(ii) Distribution facilities.—In
5	the case of a distribution facility, the deliv-
6	ery of electric energy meets the open access
7	requirements of this clause only if such de-
8	livery is made on a nondiscriminatory open
9	access basis.
10	"(iii) Generation facilities.—In
11	the case of a generation facility, the delivery
12	of electric energy generated by such facility
13	meets the open access requirements of this
14	clause only if—
15	"(I) such facility is directly con-
16	nected to distribution facilities owned
17	by the governmental unit which owns
18	the generation facility, and
19	"(II) such distribution facilities
20	meet the open access requirements of
21	clause (ii).
22	"(B) Special rules.—
23	"(i) Voluntarily filed tariffs.—
24	Subparagraph $(A)(i)(I)$ shall apply in the
25	case of a voluntarily filed tariff only if the

1	governmental unit files a report with FERC
2	within 90 days after the date of the enact-
3	ment of this section relating to whether or
4	not such governmental unit will join a re-
5	gional transmission organization.
6	"(ii) Control of transmission fa-
7	CILITIES BY REGIONAL TRANSMISSION OR-
8	GANIZATION.—A governmental unit shall be
9	treated as meeting the open access require-
10	ments of subparagraph $(A)(i)$ if a regional
11	transmission organization controls the
12	$transmission\ facilities.$
13	"(iii) ERCOT UTILITY.—References to
14	FERC in subparagraph (A) shall be treated
15	as references to the Public Utility Commis-
16	sion of Texas with respect to any ERCOT
17	utility (as defined in section $212(k)(2)(B)$ of
18	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
19	824k(k)(2)(B))).
20	"(3) Permitted sale.—For purposes of this
21	subsection—
22	"(A) In General.—The term 'permitted
23	sale' means—
24	"(i) any sale of electricity to an on-
25	system purchaser if the seller meets the open

1	access requirements of paragraph (2) with
2	respect to all distribution and transmission
3	facilities (if any) owned by such seller, and
4	"(ii) subject to subparagraphs (B) and
5	(C), any sale of electricity to a wholesale
6	native load purchaser, and any load loss
7	sale, if—
8	"(I) the seller meets the open ac-
9	cess requirements of paragraph (2)
10	with respect to all transmission facili-
11	ties (if any) owned by such seller, or
12	"(II) in any case in which the
13	seller does not own any transmission
14	facilities, all persons providing trans-
15	mission services to the seller's wholesale
16	native load purchasers meet the open
17	access requirements of paragraph (2)
18	with respect to all transmission facili-
19	ties owned by such persons.
20	"(B) Limitation on sales to wholesale
21	NATIVE LOAD PURCHASERS.—A sale to a whole-
22	sale native load purchaser shall be treated as a
23	permitted sale only to the extent that—

1	"(i) such purchaser resells the elec-
2	tricity directly at retail to persons within
3	the purchaser's distribution area, or
4	"(ii) such electricity is resold by such
5	purchaser through one or more wholesale
6	purchasers (each of whom as of June 30,
7	2000, was a party to a requirements con-
8	tract or a firm power contract described in
9	paragraph $(5)(B)(ii))$ to retail purchasers
10	in the ultimate wholesale purchaser's dis-
11	tribution area.
12	"(C) Load loss sales.—
13	"(i) In General.—The term load loss
14	sale' means any sale at wholesale to the ex-
15	tent that—
16	"(I) the aggregate sales at whole-
17	sale during the recovery period does
18	not exceed the load loss mitigation
19	sales limit for such period, and
20	"(II) the aggregate sales at whole-
21	sale during the first calendar year
22	after the recovery period does not ex-
23	ceed the excess carried under clause
24	(iv) to such year.

1	"(ii) Load loss mitigation sales
2	LIMIT.—For purposes of clause (i), the load
3	loss mitigation sales limit for the recovery
4	period is the sum of the annual load losses
5	for each year of such period.
6	"(iii) Annual load loss.—A govern-
7	mental unit's annual load loss for each year
8	of the recovery period is the amount (if
9	any) by which—
10	"(I) the megawatt hours of electric
11	energy sold during such year to whole-
12	sale native load purchasers which do
13	not constitute private business use are
14	less than
15	"(II) the megawatt hours of elec-
16	tric energy sold during the base year to
17	wholesale native load purchasers which
18	do not constitute private business use.
19	The annual load loss for any year shall not
20	exceed the portion of the amount determined
21	under the preceding sentence which is at-
22	tributable to open access requirements.
23	"(iv) Carryovers.—If the limitation
24	under clause (i) for the recovery period ex-
25	ceeds the aggregate sales during such period

1	which are taken into account under clause
2	(i), such excess (but not more than 10 per-
3	cent of such limitation) may be carried over
4	to the first calendar year following the re-
5	covery period.
6	"(v) Recovery period.—The recovery
7	period is the 7-year period beginning with
8	the start-up year.
9	"(vi) Start-up year.—The start-up
10	year is the calendar year which includes the
11	date of the enactment of this section or, if
12	later, at the election of the governmental
13	unit—
14	"(I) the first year that the govern-
15	mental unit offers nondiscriminatory
16	open transmission access, or
17	"(II) the first year in which at
18	least 10 percent of the governmental
19	unit's wholesale customers' aggregate
20	retail native load is open to retail com-
21	petition.
22	"(4) On-system purchaser.—For purposes of
23	this section, the term 'on-system purchaser' means
24	any person whose electric equipment is directly con-
25	nected with any transmission or distribution facility

1	owned by the governmental unit owning the existing
2	generation facility if—
3	"(A) such person—
4	"(i) purchases electric energy from
5	such governmental unit at retail, and
6	"(ii)(I) was within such unit's dis-
7	tribution area at the close of the base year
8	or
9	"(II) is a person as to whom the gov-
10	ernmental unit has a statutory service obli-
11	gation, or
12	"(B) is a wholesale native load purchaser
13	from such governmental unit.
14	"(5) Wholesale native load purchaser.—
15	For purposes of this section—
16	"(A) In general.—The term 'wholesale na-
17	tive load purchaser' means a wholesale purchaser
18	as to whom the governmental unit had—
19	"(i) a statutory service obligation at
20	wholesale at the close of the base year, or
21	"(ii) an obligation at the close of the
22	base year under a requirements or firm
23	sales contract if, as of June 30, 2000, such
24	contract had been in effect for (or had an
25	initial term of) at least 10 years.

1	"(B) Permitted sales under existing
2	CONTRACTS.—A private business use sale during
3	any year to a wholesale native load purchaser
4	(other than a person to whom the governmental
5	unit had a statutory service obligation) under a
6	contract shall be treated as a permitted sale by
7	reason of being a load loss sale only to the extent
8	that the private business use sales under the con-
9	tract during such year exceed the lesser of—
10	"(i) the private business use sales
11	under the contract during the base year, or
12	"(ii) the maximum private business
13	use sales which would (but for this section)
14	be permitted without causing the bonds to
15	be private activity bonds.
16	This subparagraph shall only apply to the extent
17	that the sale is allocable to bonds issued before
18	the date of the enactment of this section (or
19	bonds issued to refund such bonds).
20	"(6) Special rules.—
21	"(A) Time of sale rule.—For purposes of
22	paragraphs $(3)(C)(iii)$ and $(5)(B)$ , the deter-
23	mination of whether a sale after the date of the
24	enactment of this section is a private business
25	use shall be made with regard to this section.

1	"(B) Joint Action Agencies.—To the ex-
2	tent provided in regulations, a joint action agen-
3	cy, or a member of (or a wholesale native load
4	purchaser from) a joint action agency, which is
5	entitled to make a sale described in subpara-
6	graph (A) or (B) in a year, may transfer the en-
7	titlement to make that sale to the member (or
8	purchaser), or the joint action agency, respec-
9	tively.
10	"(b) Certain Bonds for Transmission and Dis-
11	TRIBUTION FACILITIES NOT TAX EXEMPT.—
12	"(1) In general.—Section 103 shall not apply
13	to any bond issued on or after the date of the enact-
14	ment of this section if any portion of the proceeds of
15	the issue of which such bond is a part is used (di-
16	rectly or indirectly) to finance—
17	"(A) any electric transmission facility, or
18	"(B) any start-up electric utility distribu-
19	$tion\ facility.$
20	"(2) Exceptions relating to transmission
21	Facilities.—Paragraph (1)(A) shall not apply to
22	any bond issued to finance—
23	"(A) any repair of a transmission facility
24	in service on the date of the enactment of this
25	section, so long as the repair does not—

1	"(i) increase the voltage level of such
2	facility over its level at the close of the base
3	year, or
4	"(ii) increase the thermal load limit of
5	such facility by more than 3 percent over
6	such limit at the close of the base year,
7	"(B) any qualifying upgrade of an electric
8	transmission facility in service on the date of the
9	enactment of this section, or
10	"(C) any transmission facility necessary to
11	comply with an obligation under a shared or re-
12	ciprocal transmission agreement in effect on such
13	date.
14	"(3) Exception for local electric trans-
15	MISSION FACILITY.—For purposes of this subsection—
16	"(A) In General.—In the case of a govern-
17	mental unit which owns distribution facilities,
18	paragraph (1)(A) shall not apply to any bond
19	issued to finance an electric transmission facility
20	owned by such governmental unit and located
21	within such governmental unit's distribution
22	area, but only to the extent such facility is, or
23	will be, necessary to supply electricity to serve
24	the retail native load, or wholesale native load,
25	of such governmental unit or of 1 or more other

1	governmental units owning distribution facilities
2	which are directly connected to such electric
3	$transmission\ facility.$
4	"(B) Retail load.—The term 'retail load'
5	means, with respect to a governmental unit, the
6	electric load of end-users in the distribution area
7	of the governmental unit.
8	"(C) Wholesale native load.—The term
9	'wholesale native load' means—
10	"(i) the retail load of such unit's
11	wholesale native load purchasers (or of an
12	ultimate wholesale purchaser described in
13	subsection $(a)(3)(B)(ii)$ , and
14	"(ii) the electric load of purchasers
15	(not described in clause (i)) under wholesale
16	requirements contracts which—
17	"(I) do not constitute private
18	business use (determined without re-
19	gard to this section), and
20	"(II) were in effect in the base
21	year.
22	"(D) Necessary to serve load.—For
23	purposes of determining whether a transmission
24	facility is, or will be, necessary to supply elec-

1	tricity to retail native load or wholesale native
2	load—
3	"(i) the governmental unit's available
4	transmission rights shall be taken into ac-
5	count,
6	"(ii) electric reliability standards or
7	requirements of national or regional reli-
8	ability organizations, regional transmission
9	organizations and the Electric Reliability
10	Council of Texas shall be taken into ac-
11	count, and
12	"(iii) transmission, siting and con-
13	struction decisions of regional transmission
14	organizations and State and Federal regu-
15	latory and siting agencies, after a pro-
16	ceeding that provides for public input, shall
17	be presumptive evidence regarding whether
18	transmission facilities are necessary to serve
19	$native\ load.$
20	"(E) Qualifying upgrade.—The term
21	'qualifying upgrade' means an improvement or
22	addition to transmission facilities of the govern-
23	mental unit in service on the date of the enact-
24	ment of this section which—

1	"(i) is ordered or approved by a re-
2	gional transmission organization or by a
3	State regulatory or siting agency, after a
4	proceeding that provides for public input,
5	and
6	"(ii) is, or will be, necessary to supply
7	electricity to serve the retail native load, or
8	wholesale native load, of such governmental
9	unit or of one or more governmental units
10	owning distribution facilities which are di-
11	rectly connected to such transmission facil-
12	ity.
13	"(4) Start-up electric utility distribution
14	FACILITY DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection,
15	the term 'start-up electric utility distribution facility'
16	means any distribution facility to provide electric
17	service for sale to the public if such facility is placed
18	in service—
19	"(A) by a governmental unit that did not
20	operate an electric utility on the date of the en-
21	actment of this section, and
22	"(B) during the first 10 years after the date
23	such governmental unit begins operating an elec-
24	$tric\ utility.$

1	A governmental unit is treated as having operated an
2	electric utility on the date of the enactment of this
3	section if it operates electric output facilities which
4	were (on such date) operated by another governmental
5	unit to provide electric service for sale to the public.
6	"(5) Exception for refunding bonds.—
7	"(A) In General.—Paragraph (1) shall
8	not apply to any eligible refunding bond.
9	"(B) Eligible refunding bond.—For
10	purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'eligible
11	refunding bond' means any bond (or series of
12	bonds) issued to refund any bond issued before
13	the date of the enactment of this section if the av-
14	erage maturity date of the issue of which the re-
15	funding bond is a part is not later than the av-
16	erage maturity date of the bonds to be refunded
17	by such issue.
18	"(c) Definitions; Special Rules.—For purposes of
19	this section—
20	"(1) Base year.—The term 'base year' means—
21	"(A) the calendar year preceding the start-
22	up year, or
23	"(B) at the election of the governmental
24	unit, the second or third calendar years pre-
25	ceding the start-up year.

1	"(2) Distribution area.—The term 'distribu-
2	tion area' means the area in which a governmental
3	unit owns distribution facilities.
4	"(3) Electric output facility.—The term
5	'electric output facility' means an output facility that
6	is an electric generation, transmission, or distribution
7	facility.
8	"(4) Distribution facility.—The term 'dis-
9	tribution facility' means an electric output facility
10	that is not a generation or transmission facility.
11	"(5) Transmission facility.—The term 'trans-
12	mission facility' means an electric output facility
13	(other than a generation facility) that operates at an
14	electric voltage of 69 kV or greater. To the extent pro-
15	vided in regulations, such term includes any output
16	facility that FERC determines is a transmission fa-
17	cility under standards applied by FERC under the
18	Federal Power Act (as in effect on the date of the en-
19	actment of this section).
20	"(6) Existing generation facility.—
21	"(A) In general.—The term 'existing gen-
22	eration facility' means any electric generation
23	facility if—
24	"(i) such facility is originally placed
25	in service on or before the date of enactment

1	of this Act and is owned by any govern-
2	mental unit on such date, or
3	"(ii) such facility is originally placed
4	in service after such date if the construction
5	of the facility commenced before June 1,
6	2000, and such facility is owned by any
7	governmental unit when it is placed in
8	service.
9	"(B) Denial of treatment to expan-
10	Sions.—Such term shall not include any facility
11	to the extent the generating capacity of such fa-
12	cility as of any date is 3 percent above the great-
13	er of its nameplate or rated capacity as of the
14	date of the enactment of this section (or, in the
15	case of a facility described in subparagraph
16	(A)(ii), the date that the facility is placed in
17	service).
18	"(7) Regional transmission organization.—
19	The term 'regional transmission organization' in-
20	cludes an independent system operator.
21	"(8) FERC.—The term 'FERC' means the Fed-
22	eral Energy Regulatory Commission.
23	"(9) Government-owned facility.—An elec-
24	tric transmission facility shall be treated as owned by

1	a governmental unit as of any date to the extent
2	that—
3	"(A) such unit acquired (before the base
4	year) long-term firm transmission capacity (as
5	determined under regulations) of such facility for
6	the purposes of serving customers to which such
7	unit had at the close of the base year—
8	"(i) a statutory service obligation, or
9	"(ii) an obligation under a require-
10	ments contract, and
11	"(B) such unit holds such capacity as of
12	such date.
13	"(10) Statutory service obligation.—The
14	term 'statutory service obligation' means an obliga-
15	tion under State or Federal law (exclusive of an obli-
16	gation arising solely under a contract entered into
17	with a person) to provide electric distribution services
18	or electric sales services, as provided in such law.
19	"(11) Contract modifications.—A material
20	modification of a contract shall be treated as a new
21	contract.
22	"(d) Election To Terminate Tax-Exempt Bond
23	Financing for Certain Electric Output Facili-
24	TIES.—

1	"(1) In general.—At the election of a govern-
2	mental unit, section 103(a) shall not apply to any
3	bond issued by or on behalf of such unit after the date
4	of such election if any portion of the proceeds of the
5	issue of which such bond is a part are used to provide
6	any electric output facilities. Such an election, once
7	made, shall be irrevocable.
8	"(2) Other effects of election.—During
9	the period that the election under paragraph (1) is in
10	effect with respect to a governmental unit, the term
11	'private activity bond' shall not include—
12	"(A) any bond issued by such unit before
13	the date of the enactment of this section to pro-
14	vide an electric output facility if, as of the date
15	of the election, such bond was not a private ac-
16	tivity bond, and
17	"(B) any bond to which paragraph (1) does
18	not apply by reason of paragraph (3).
19	"(3) Exceptions for certain property.—
20	"(A) In General.—Paragraph (1) shall
21	not apply to any bond issued to provide property
22	owned by a governmental unit if such property
23	is—
24	"(i) any qualifying transmission facil-
25	ity,

1	"(ii) any qualifying distribution facil-
2	ity,
3	"(iii) any facility necessary to meet
4	Federal or State environmental require-
5	ments applicable to an existing generation
6	facility owned by the governmental unit as
7	of the date of the election,
8	"(iv) any property to repair any exist-
9	ing generation facility owned by the govern-
10	mental unit as of the date of the election,
11	"(v) any qualified facility (as defined
12	in section $45(c)(3)$ ) producing electricity
13	from any qualified energy resource (as de-
14	fined in section $45(c)(1)$ , and
15	"(vi) any energy property (as defined
16	in section 48(a)(3)) placed in service during
17	a period that the energy percentage under
18	section 48(a) is greater than zero.
19	"(B) Limitation on use by nongovern-
20	MENTAL PERSONS.—Subparagraph (A) shall not
21	apply to any property constructed, acquired or
22	financed for a principal purpose of providing the
23	facility (or the output thereof) to nongovern-
24	mental persons.

1	"(4) Definitions.—For purposes of this
2	subsection—
3	"(A) Qualifying distribution facil-
4	ITY.—The term 'qualifying distribution facility'
5	means a distribution facility meeting the open
6	access requirements of subsection $(a)(2)(A)(ii)$ .
7	"(B) Qualifying transmission facil-
8	ITY.—The term 'qualifying transmission facility'
9	means a local transmission facility (as defined
10	in subsection (b)(3)) meeting the open access re-
11	quirements of subsection $(a)(2)(A)(i)$ .
12	"(5) Effect of election.—
13	"(A) In General.—An election under
14	paragraph (1) shall be binding on any successor
15	in interest to, or any related party with respect
16	to, the electing governmental unit. For purposes
17	of this paragraph, a governmental unit shall be
18	treated as related to another governmental unit
19	if it is a member of the same controlled group
20	(as determined under regulations).
21	"(B) Treatment of electing govern-
22	MENTAL UNIT.—A governmental unit which
23	makes an election under paragraph (1) shall be
24	treated for purposes of section 141 as a person—

1	"(i) which is not a governmental unit,
2	and
3	"(ii) which is engaged in a trade or
4	business,
5	with respect to its purchase of electricity gen-
6	erated by an electric output facility placed in
7	service after the date of such election if such pur-
8	chase is under a contract executed after such
9	date."
10	(b) Waiver of Certain Limitations Not To Apply
11	TO DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES.—Section 141(d)(5) is
12	amended by inserting "(except in the case of an electric out-
13	put facility that is a distribution facility)" after "this sub-
14	section".
15	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
16	$subpart\ A\ of\ part\ IV\ of\ subchapter\ B\ of\ chapter\ 1\ is\ amend-$
17	ed by inserting after the item relating to section 141 the
18	following new item:
	"Sec. 141A. Treatment of government-owned electric output facilities."
19	(d) Effective Date.—
20	(1) In General.—The amendments made by
21	this section shall take effect on the date of the enact-
22	ment of this Act, except that a governmental unit
23	may elect to have section 141A(a)(1) of the Internal

- 1 Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a), 2 take effect on April 14, 1996.
- CONTRACTS.—The 3 BINDING amendment 4 made by subsection (b) (relating to waiver of certain limitations not to apply to distribution facilities) 5 6 shall not apply to facilities acquired pursuant to a 7 contract which was entered into before the date of the 8 enactment of this Act and which was binding on such 9 date and at all times thereafter before such acquisi-10 tion.
- 11 (3) Comparable treatment to bonds under
  12 1954 Code Rules.—References in the amendments
  13 made by this Act to sections of the Internal Revenue
  14 Code of 1986 shall be deemed to include references to
  15 comparable sections of the Internal Revenue Code of
  16 1954.
- 17 SEC. 208. SALES OR DISPOSITIONS TO IMPLEMENT FED-
- 18 ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR
- 19 STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.
- 20 (a) In General.—Section 1033 (relating to involun-
- 21 tary conversions) is amended by redesignating subsection
- 22 (k) as subsection (l) and by inserting after subsection (j)
- 23 the following new subsection:

1	"(k) Sales or Dispositions To Implement Fed-
2	ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR STATE ELEC-
3	TRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.—
4	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this subtitle,
5	if a taxpayer elects the application of this subsection
6	to a qualifying electric transmission transaction—
7	"(A) such transaction shall be treated as an
8	involuntary conversion to which this section ap-
9	plies, and
10	"(B) exempt utility property shall be treat-
11	ed as property which is similar or related in
12	service or use to the property disposed of in such
13	transaction.
14	"(2) Extension of replacement period.—In
15	the case of any involuntary conversion described in
16	paragraph (1), $subsection$ (a)(2)(B) $shall$ be applied
17	by substituting '4 years' for '2 years' in clause (i)
18	thereof.
19	"(3) Qualifying electric transmission
20	TRANSACTION.—For purposes of this subsection, the
21	term 'qualifying electric transmission transaction'
22	means any sale or other disposition before January 1,
23	2009, of—
24	"(A) property used in the trade or business
25	of providing electric transmission services, or

1	"(B) any stock or partnership interest in a
2	corporation or partnership, as the case may be,
3	whose principal trade or business consists of pro-
4	viding electric transmission services,
5	but only if such sale or disposition is to an inde-
6	pendent transmission company.
7	"(4) Independent transmission company.—
8	For purposes of this subsection, the term 'independent
9	transmission company' means—
10	"(A) a regional transmission organization
11	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory
12	Commission,
13	"(B) a person—
14	"(i) who the Federal Energy Regu-
15	latory Commission determines in its au-
16	thorization of the transaction under section
17	203 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
18	823b) is not a market participant within
19	the meaning of such Commission's rules ap-
20	plicable to regional transmission organiza-
21	tions, and
22	"(ii) whose transmission facilities to
23	which the election under this subsection ap-
24	plies are under the operational control of a
25	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission-ap-

1	proved regional transmission organization
2	before the close of the period specified in
3	such authorization, but not later than the
4	close of the period applicable under sub-
5	section $(a)(2)(B)$ as extended under para-
6	graph (2), or
7	"(C) in the case of facilities subject to the
8	exclusive jurisdiction of the Public Utility Com-
9	mission of Texas, a person which is approved by
10	that Commission as consistent with Texas State
11	law regarding an independent transmission or-
12	ganization.
13	"(5) Exempt utility property.—For purposes
14	of this subsection—
15	"(A) In general.—The term 'exempt util-
16	ity property' means property used in the trade
17	or business of—
18	"(i) generating, transmitting, distrib-
19	uting, or selling electricity, or
20	"(ii) producing, transmitting, distrib-
21	uting, or selling natural gas.
22	"(B) Nonrecognition of gain by reason
23	OF ACQUISITION OF STOCK.—Acquisition of con-
24	trol of a corporation shall be taken into account
25	under this section with respect to a qualifying

- electric transmission transaction only if the principal trade or business of such corporation is a trade or business referred to in subparagraph (A).
- "(6) 5 Special RULEFORCONSOLIDATED6 GROUPS.—In the case of a corporation which is a 7 member of an affiliated group filing a consolidated 8 return, such corporation shall be treated as satisfying 9 the purchase requirement of subsection (a)(2) with re-10 spect to any qualifying electric transmission trans-11 action engaged in by such corporation to the extent 12 such requirement is satisfied by another member of 13 such group.
- 14 "(7) Election.—An election under paragraph
  15 (1), once made, shall be irrevocable."
- 16 (b) EXCEPTION FROM GAIN RECOGNITION UNDER SEC-17 TION 1245.—Subsection (b) of section 1245 is amended by 18 adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(9) DISPOSITIONS TO IMPLEMENT FEDERAL EN-ERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.—At the election of the taxpayer, the amount of gain which would (but for this paragraph) be recognized under this section on any qualified electric transmission transaction (as defined in section 1033(k)) for which an election under sec-

1	tion 1033 is made shall be reduced by the aggregate
2	reduction in the basis of section 1245 property held
3	by the taxpayer or, if insufficient, by a member of an
4	affiliated group which includes the taxpayer at any
5	time during the taxable year in which such trans-
6	action occurred. The manner and amount of such re-
7	duction shall be determined under regulations pre-
8	scribed by the Secretary."
9	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
10	section shall apply to transactions occurring after the date
11	of the enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 209. DISTRIBUTIONS OF STOCK TO IMPLEMENT FED-
13	ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR
14	STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.
15	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
16	355(e)(3) (relating to special rules relating to acquisitions)
17	is amended by inserting after clause (iv) the following new
18	clause:
19	"(v) The acquisition of stock in any
	$(\circ)$
20	controlled corporation in a qualifying elec-
20 21	
	controlled corporation in a qualifying elec-
21	controlled corporation in a qualifying elec- tric transmission transaction (as defined in
21 22	controlled corporation in a qualifying electric transmission transaction (as defined in section $1033(k)$ ).".

1	SEC. 210. MODIFICATIONS TO SPECIAL RULES FOR NU-
2	CLEAR DECOMMISSIONING COSTS.
3	(a) Repeal of Limitation on Deposits Into Fund
4	Based on Cost of Service; Contributions After
5	Funding Period.—Subsection (b) of section 468A is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"(b) Limitation on Amounts Paid Into Fund.—
8	"(1) In general.—The amount which a tax-
9	payer may pay into the Fund for any taxable year
10	shall not exceed the ruling amount applicable to such
11	taxable year.
12	"(2) Contributions after funding period.—
13	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
14	a taxpayer may pay into the Fund in any taxable
15	year after the last taxable year to which the ruling
16	amount applies. Payments may not be made under
17	the preceding sentence to the extent such payments
18	would cause the assets of the Fund to exceed the nu-
19	clear decommissioning costs allocable to the tax-
20	payer's current or former interest in the nuclear pow-
21	erplant to which the Fund relates. The limitation
22	under the preceding sentence shall be determined by
23	taking into account a reasonable rate of inflation for
24	the nuclear decommissioning costs and a reasonable
25	after-tax rate of return on the assets of the Fund until
26	such assets are anticipated to be expended.".

1	(b) Clarification of Treatment of Fund Trans-
2	FERS.—Subsection (e) of section 468A is amended by add-
3	ing at the end the following new paragraph:
4	"(8) Treatment of fund transfers.—If, in
5	connection with the transfer of the taxpayer's interest
6	in a nuclear powerplant, the taxpayer transfers the
7	Fund with respect to such powerplant to the trans-
8	feree of such interest and the transferee elects to con-
9	tinue the application of this section to such Fund—
10	"(A) the transfer of such Fund shall not
11	cause such Fund to be disqualified from the ap-
12	plication of this section, and
13	"(B) no amount shall be treated as distrib-
14	uted from such Fund, or be includible in gross
15	income, by reason of such transfer.".
16	(c) Treatment of Certain Decommissioning
17	Costs.—
18	(1) In general.—Section 468A is amended by
19	redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections
20	(g) and (h), respectively, and by inserting after sub-
21	section (e) the following new subsection:
22	"(f) Transfers Into Qualified Funds.—
23	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsection
24	(b), any taxpayer maintaining a Fund to which this
25	section applies with respect to a nuclear powerplant

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may transfer into such Fund up to an amount equal to the excess of the total nuclear decommissioning costs with respect to such nuclear powerplant over the portion of such costs taken into account in determining the ruling amount in effect immediately before the transfer.

- "(2) Deduction for amounts transferred.—
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—The deduction allowed by subsection (a) for any transfer permitted by this subsection shall be allowed ratably over the remaining estimated useful life (within the meaning of subsection (d)(2)(A)) of the nuclear powerplant beginning with the taxable year during which the transfer is made.

"(B) Denial of Deduction for Pre-Viously Deducted Amounts.—No deduction shall be allowed for any transfer under this subsection of an amount for which a deduction was previously allowed or a corresponding amount was not included in gross income. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a ratable portion of each transfer shall be treated as being from previously deducted or excluded amounts to the extent thereof.

1	"(C) Transfers of qualified funds.—
2	If—
3	"(i) any transfer permitted by this
4	subsection is made to any Fund to which
5	this section applies, and
6	"(ii) such Fund is transferred there-
7	after,
8	any deduction under this subsection for taxable
9	years ending after the date that such Fund is
10	transferred shall be allowed to the transferee and
11	not to the transferor. The preceding sentence
12	shall not apply if the transferor is an organiza-
13	tion exempt from tax imposed by this chapter.
14	"(D) Special rules.—
15	"(i) Gain or loss not recog-
16	NIZED.—No gain or loss shall be recognized
17	on any transfer permitted by this sub-
18	section.
19	"(ii) Transfers of appreciated
20	PROPERTY.—If appreciated property is
21	transferred in a transfer permitted by this
22	subsection, the amount of the deduction
23	shall be the adjusted basis of such property.
24	"(3) New ruling amount required.—Para-
25	graph (1) shall not apply to any transfer unless the

1	taxpayer requests from the Secretary a new schedule
2	of ruling amounts in connection with such transfer.
3	"(4) No basis in qualified funds.—Notwith-
4	standing any other provision of law, the taxpayer's
5	basis in any Fund to which this section applies shall
6	not be increased by reason of any transfer permitted
7	by this subsection.".
8	(2) New ruling amount to take into ac-
9	COUNT TOTAL COSTS.—Subparagraph (A) of section
10	468A(d)(2) is amended to read as follows:
11	"(A) fund the total nuclear decommis-
12	sioning costs with respect to such powerplant
13	over the estimated useful life of such powerplant,
14	and".
15	(d) Deduction for Nuclear Decommissioning
16	Costs When Paid.—Paragraph (2) of section 468A(c) is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	"(2) Deduction of nuclear decommissioning
19	costs.—In addition to any deduction under sub-
20	section (a), nuclear decommissioning costs paid or in-
21	curred by the taxpayer during any taxable year shall
22	constitute ordinary and necessary expenses in car-
23	ruing on a trade or business under section 162"

1	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
3	ber 31, 2001.
4	SEC. 211. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN INCOME OF COOPERA-
5	TIVES.
6	(a) Income From Open Access and Nuclear De-
7	COMMISSIONING TRANSACTIONS.—
8	(1) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
9	501(c)(12) is amended by striking "or" at the end of
10	clause (i), by striking the period at the end of clause
11	(ii) and inserting a comma, and by adding at the end
12	the following new clauses:
13	"(iii) from any open access transaction
14	(other than income received or accrued di-
15	rectly or indirectly from a member), or
16	"(iv) from any nuclear decommis-
17	sioning transaction."
18	(2) Definitions.—Paragraph (12) of section
19	501(c) is amended by adding at the end the following
20	new subparagraph:
21	"(E) For purposes of subparagraph (C)—
22	"(i) The term 'open access transaction'
23	means any activity which would be a per-
24	mitted open access activity (as defined in

1	section $141A(a)(2)$ ) if the cooperative were a
2	$government al\ unit.$
3	"(ii) The term 'nuclear decommis-
4	sioning transaction' means—
5	"(I) any transfer into a trust,
6	fund, or instrument established to pay
7	any nuclear decommissioning costs if
8	the transfer is in connection with the
9	transfer of the cooperative's interest in
10	a nuclear powerplant or nuclear pow-
11	erplant unit,
12	"(II) any distribution from such
13	a trust, fund, or instrument, or
14	"(III) any earnings from such a
15	trust, fund, or instrument."
16	(b) Income From Load Loss Transactions Treat-
17	ED AS MEMBER INCOME.—Paragraph (12) of section 501(c)
18	is amended by adding after subparagraph (E) the following
19	new subparagraph:
20	" $(F)(i)$ In the case of a mutual or coopera-
21	tive electric company, income received or accrued
22	from a load loss transaction shall be treated as
23	an amount collected from members for the sole
24	purpose of meeting losses and expenses.

1	"(ii) For purposes of clause (i), the term
2	'load loss transaction' means any sale (whether
3	at wholesale or at retail) which would be a load
4	loss sale under rules similar to the rules of sec-
5	$tion \ 141A(3)(C).$
6	"(iii) A company shall not fail to be treated
7	as a mutual cooperative company for purposes of
8	this paragraph by reason of the treatment under
9	clause (i).
10	"(iv) A rule similar to the rule of this sub-
11	paragraph shall apply to an organization to
12	which section 1381 does not apply by reason of
13	section $1381(a)(2)(C)$ ."
14	(c) Exception From Unrelated Business Tax-
15	ABLE INCOME.—Subsection (b) of section 512 (relating to
16	modifications) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
17	lowing new paragraph:
18	"(18) Treatment of load loss sales of mu-
19	TUAL OR COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC COMPANIES.—In
20	the case of a mutual or cooperative electric company
21	described in section $501(c)(12)$ , there shall be excluded
22	income which is treated as member income under sub-
23	paragraph (F) thereof."

1	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date
3	of the enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 212. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT OF CERTAIN AP-
5	PROVED TERMINALS TO OFFER DYED DIESEL
6	FUEL AND KEROSENE FOR NONTAXABLE PUR-
7	POSES.
8	Section 4101 (relating to certain approved terminals
9	of registered persons required to offer dyed diesel fuel and
10	kerosene for nontaxable purposes) is amended by striking
11	subsection (e).
12	SEC. 213. ARBITRAGE RULES NOT TO APPLY TO PREPAY-
13	MENTS FOR NATURAL GAS.
14	(a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 148 (de-
15	fining higher yielding investments) is amended by adding
16	at the end the following new paragraph:
17	"(4) Exception for certain prepayments to
18	Ensure natural gas supply.—The term 'invest-
19	ment property' shall not include any prepayment for
20	the purpose of obtaining a supply of a natural gas—
21	"(A) at least 85 percent of which is to be
22	used in the State in which the issuer is located,
23	and
24	"(B) which is to be used in a business of
25	one or more utilities each of which is owned and

1	operated by a State or local government, any po-
2	litical subdivision or instrumentality thereof, or
3	any governmental unit acting for or on behalf of
4	such a utility.".
5	(b) Private Loan Financing Test Not To Apply
6	to Prepayments for Natural Gas.—Paragraph (2) of
7	section 141(c) (providing exceptions to the private loan fi-
8	nancing test) is amended by striking "or" at the end of
9	subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end of sub-
10	paragraph (B) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the
11	end the following new subparagraph:
12	"(C) arises from a transaction described in
13	section $148(b)(4)$ .".
14	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
15	section shall apply to obligations issued after October 22,
16	1986; except that section 148(b)(4)(A) of the Internal Rev-
17	enue Code of 1986, as added by this section, shall apply
18	only to obligations issued after the date of the enactment
19	$of\ this\ Act.$
20	TITLE III—PRODUCTION
21	SEC. 301. OIL AND GAS FROM MARGINAL WELLS.
22	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
23	A of chapter 1 (relating to business credits) is amended by
24	adding at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 45J. CREDIT FOR PRODUCING OIL AND GAS FROM
2	MARGINAL WELLS.
3	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
4	marginal well production credit for any taxable year is an
5	amount equal to the product of—
6	"(1) the credit amount, and
7	"(2) the qualified credit oil production and the
8	qualified natural gas production which is attributable
9	to the taxpayer.
10	"(b) Credit Amount.—For purposes of this section—
11	"(1) In general.—The credit amount is—
12	"(A) \$3 per barrel of qualified crude oil
13	production, and
14	"(B) 50 cents per 1,000 cubic feet of quali-
15	fied natural gas production.
16	"(2) Reduction as oil and gas prices in-
17	CREASE.—
18	"(A) In General.—The \$3 and 50 cents
19	amounts under paragraph (1) shall each be re-
20	duced (but not below zero) by an amount which
21	bears the same ratio to such amount (determined
22	without regard to this paragraph) as—
23	"(i) the excess (if any) of the applica-
24	ble reference price over \$15 (\$1.67 for quali-
25	fied natural gas production), bears to

1	"(ii) \$3 (\$0.33 for qualified natural
2	gas production).
3	The applicable reference price for a taxable year
4	is the reference price of the calendar year pre-
5	ceding the calendar year in which the taxable
6	year begins.
7	"(B) Inflation adjustment.—In the case
8	of any taxable year beginning in a calendar year
9	after 2001, each of the dollar amounts contained
10	in subparagraph (A) shall be increased to an
11	amount equal to such dollar amount multiplied
12	by the inflation adjustment factor for such cal-
13	endar year (determined under section
14	43(b)(3)(B) by substituting '2000' for '1990').
15	"(C) Reference price.—For purposes of
16	this paragraph, the term 'reference price' means,
17	with respect to any calendar year—
18	"(i) in the case of qualified crude oil
19	production, the reference price determined
20	under section $29(d)(2)(C)$ , and
21	"(ii) in the case of qualified natural
22	gas production, the Secretary's estimate of
23	the annual average wellhead price per 1,000
24	cubic feet for all domestic natural gas.

1	"(c) Qualified Crude Oil and Natural Gas Pro-
2	DUCTION.—For purposes of this section—
3	"(1) In general.—The terms 'qualified crude
4	oil production' and 'qualified natural gas production'
5	mean domestic crude oil or natural gas which is pro-
6	duced from a qualified marginal well.
7	"(2) Limitation on amount of production
8	WHICH MAY QUALIFY.—
9	"(A) In general.—Crude oil or natural
10	gas produced during any taxable year from any
11	well shall not be treated or qualified crude oil
12	production or qualified natural gas production
13	to the extent production from the well during the
14	taxable year exceeds 1,095 barrels or barrel
15	equivalents.
16	"(B) Proportionate reductions.—
17	"(i) Short taxable years.—In the
18	case of a short taxable year, the limitations
19	under this paragraph shall be proportion-
20	ately reduced to reflect the ratio which the
21	number of days in such taxable year bears
22	to 365.
23	"(ii) Wells not in production en-
24	TIRE YEAR.—In the case of a well which is
25	not capable of production during each day

1	of a taxable year, the limitations under this
2	paragraph applicable to the well shall be
3	proportionately reduced to reflect the ratio
4	which the number of days of production
5	bears to the total number of days in the tax-
6	able year.
7	"(3) Definitions.—
8	"(A) QUALIFIED MARGINAL WELL.—The
9	term 'qualified marginal well' means a domestic
10	well—
11	"(i) the production from which during
12	the taxable year is treated as marginal pro-
13	duction under section $613A(c)(6)$ , or
14	"(ii) which, during the taxable year—
15	"(I) has average daily production
16	of not more than 25 barrel equivalents,
17	and
18	"(II) produces water at a rate not
19	less than 95 percent of total well efflu-
20	ent.
21	"(B) Crude oil, etc.—The terms 'crude
22	oil', 'natural gas', 'domestic', and 'barrel' have
23	the meanings given such terms by section
24	613A(e).

1 "(C) Barrel equivalent.—The term 'bar-2 rel equivalent' means, with respect to natural 3 gas, a conversation ratio of 6,000 cubic feet of 4 natural gas to 1 barrel of crude oil.

### "(d) Other Rules.—

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- "(1) PRODUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE TAX-PAYER.—In the case of a qualified marginal well in which there is more than one owner of operating interests in the well and the crude oil or natural gas production exceeds the limitation under subsection (c)(2), qualifying crude oil production or qualifying natural gas production attributable to the taxpayer shall be determined on the basis of the ratio which taxpayer's revenue interest in the production bears to the aggregate of the revenue interests of all operating interest owners in the production.
- "(2) Operating interest required.—Any credit under this section may be claimed only on production which is attributable to the holder of an operating interest.
- "(3) PRODUCTION FROM NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCES EXCLUDED.—In the case of production from a qualified marginal well which is eligible for the credit allowed under section 29 for the taxable year, no credit shall be allowable under this section unless

1	the taxpayer elects not to claim the credit under sec-
2	tion 29 with respect to the well.
3	"(4) Noncompliance with pollution laws.—
4	For purposes of subsection $(c)(3)(A)$ , a marginal well
5	which is not in compliance with the applicable State
6	and Federal pollution prevention, control, and permit
7	requirements for any period of time shall not be con-
8	sidered to be a qualified marginal well during such
9	period.".
10	(b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section
11	38(b) is amended by striking "plus" at the end of para-
12	graph (17), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
13	(18) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the
14	following:
15	"(19) the marginal oil and gas well production
16	credit determined under section $45J(a)$ .".
17	(c) Carryback.—Subsection (a) of section 39 (relat-
18	ing to carryback and carryforward of unused credits gen-
19	erally) is amended by adding at the end the following:
20	"(3) 10-year carryback for marginal oil
21	AND GAS WELL PRODUCTION CREDIT.—In the case of
22	the marginal oil and gas well production credit—
23	"(A) this section shall be applied separately
24	from the business credit (other than the marginal
25	oil and gas well production credit),

1	"(B) paragraph (1) shall be applied by sub-
2	stituting '10 taxable years' for '1 taxable years'
3	in subparagraph (A) thereof, and
4	"(C) paragraph (2) shall be applied—
5	"(i) by substituting '31 taxable years'
6	for '21 taxable years' in subparagraph (A)
7	thereof, and
8	"(ii) by substituting '30 taxable years'
9	for '20 taxable years' in subparagraph (A)
10	thereof.".
11	(d) Coordination With Section 29.—Section 29(a)
12	is amended by striking "There" and inserting "At the elec-
13	tion of the taxpayer, there".
14	(e) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
15	$subpart\ D\ of\ part\ IV\ of\ subchapter\ A\ of\ chapter\ I\ is\ amend-$
16	ed by adding at the end the following:
	"Sec. 45J. Credit for producing oil and gas from marginal wells.".
17	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
18	section shall apply to production in taxable years beginning
19	after December 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 302. TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF LIMITATION BASED
2	ON 65 PERCENT OF TAXABLE INCOME AND EX-
3	TENSION OF SUSPENSION OF TAXABLE IN-
4	COME LIMIT WITH RESPECT TO MARGINAL
5	PRODUCTION.
6	(a) Limitation Based on 65 Percent of Taxable
7	Income.—Subsection (d) of section 613A (relating to limi-
8	tation on percentage depletion in case of oil and gas wells)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following new para-
10	graph:
11	"(6) Temporary suspension of taxable in-
12	COME LIMIT.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to tax-
13	able years beginning after December 31, 2001, and be-
14	fore January 1, 2007, including with respect to
15	amounts carried under the second sentence of para-
16	graph (1) to such taxable years.".
17	(b) Extension of Suspension of Taxable Income
18	Limit With Respect to Marginal Production.—Sub-
19	paragraph (H) of section 613A(c)(6) (relating to temporary
20	suspension of taxable income limit with respect to marginal
21	production) is amended by striking "2002" and inserting
22	"2007".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub-
24	section (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after De-
25	cember 31, 2001.

#### SEC. 303. DEDUCTION FOR DELAY RENTAL PAYMENTS.

- 2 (a) In General.—Section 263 (relating to capital ex-
- 3 penditures) is amended by adding after subsection (i) the
- 4 following:
- 5 "(j) Delay Rental Payments for Domestic Oil
- 6 AND GAS WELLS.—
- 7 "(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsection
- 8 (a), a taxpayer may elect to treat delay rental pay-
- 9 ments incurred in connection with the development of
- oil or gas within the United States (as defined in sec-
- 11 tion 638) as payments which are not chargeable to
- capital account. Any payments so treated shall be al-
- lowed as a deduction in the taxable year in which
- 14 paid or incurred.
- 15 "(2) Delay rental payments.—For purposes
- of paragraph (1), the term 'delay rental payment'
- means an amount paid for the privilege of deferring
- 18 development of an oil or gas well under an oil or gas
- 19 *lease.*".
- 20 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 263A(c)(3) is
- 21 amended by inserting "263(j)," after '263(i),'.
- 22 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 23 section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred in taxable
- 24 years beginning after December 31, 2001.

#### 1 SEC. 304. ELECTION TO EXPENSE GEOLOGICAL AND GEO-

- 2 PHYSICAL EXPENDITURES.
- 3 (a) In General.—Section 263 (relating to capital ex-
- 4 penditures) is amended by adding after subsection (j) the
- 5 following:
- 6 "(k) Geological and Geophysical Expenditures
- 7 FOR DOMESTIC OIL AND GAS WELLS.—Notwithstanding
- 8 subsection (a), a taxpayer may elect to treat geological and
- 9 geophysical expenses incurred in connection with the explo-
- 10 ration for, or development of, oil or gas within the United
- 11 States (as defined in section 638) as expenses which are
- 12 not chargeable to capital account. Any expenses so treated
- 13 shall be allowed as a deduction in the taxable year in which
- 14 paid or incurred.".
- 15 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 263A(c)(3),
- 16 as amended by section 303(b), is amended by inserting
- 17 "263(k)," after "263(j),".
- 18 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 19 section shall apply to costs paid or incurred in taxable
- 20 years beginning after December 31, 2001.

1	SEC. 305. 5-YEAR NET OPERATING LOSS CARRYBACK FOR
2	LOSSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO OPERATING MIN-
3	ERAL INTERESTS OF OIL AND GAS PRO-
4	DUCERS.
5	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 172(b)
6	(relating to years to which loss may be carried) is amended
7	by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
8	"(H) Losses on operating mineral in-
9	TERESTS OF OIL AND GAS PRODUCERS.—In the
10	case of a taxpayer which has an eligible oil and
11	gas loss (as defined in subsection (j)) for a tax-
12	able year, such eligible oil and gas loss shall be
13	a net operating loss carryback to each of the 5
14	taxable years preceding the taxable year of such
15	loss.".
16	(b) Eligible Oil and Gas Loss.—Section 172 is
17	amended by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (k)
18	and by inserting after subsection (i) the following new sub-
19	section:
20	"(j) Eligible Oil and Gas Loss.—For purposes of
21	this section—
22	"(1) In general.—The term 'eligible oil and
23	gas loss' means the lesser of—
24	"(A) the amount which would be the net op-
25	erating loss for the taxable year if only income
26	and deductions attributable to operating mineral

1	interests (as defined in section 614(d)) in oil and
2	gas wells are taken into account, or
3	"(B) the amount of the net operating loss
4	for such taxable year.
5	"(2) Coordination with subsection (b)(2).—
6	For purposes of applying subsection (b)(2), an eligible
7	oil and gas loss for any taxable year shall be treated
8	in a manner similar to the manner in which a speci-
9	fied liability loss is treated.
10	"(3) Election.—Any taxpayer entitled to a 5-
11	year carryback under subsection (b)(1)(H) from any
12	loss year may elect to have the carryback period with
13	respect to such loss year determined without regard to
14	subsection (b)(1)(H).".
15	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
16	section shall apply to net operating losses for taxable years
17	beginning after December 31, 2001.
18	SEC. 306. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR
19	PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVEN-
20	TIONAL SOURCE.
21	(a) In General.—Section 29 is amended by adding
22	at the end the following new subsection:
23	"(h) Extension for Other Facilities.—
24	"(1) Extension for oil and certain gas.—In
25	the case of a well for producing qualified fuels de-

1	scribed in subparagraph $(A)$ or $(B)(i)$ of subsection
2	(c)(1)—
3	"(A) APPLICATION OF CREDIT FOR NEW
4	WELLS.—Notwithstanding subsection (f), this
5	section shall apply with respect to such fuels—
6	"(i) which are produced from a well
7	drilled after the date of the enactment of
8	this subsection and before January 1, 2007,
9	and
10	"(ii) which are sold not later than the
11	close of the 4-year period beginning on the
12	date that such well is drilled, or, if earlier,
13	January 1, 2010.
14	"(B) Extension of credit for old
15	WELLS.—Subsection (f)(2) shall be applied by
16	substituting '2007' for '2003' with respect to
17	wells described in subsection $(f)(1)(A)$ with re-
18	spect to such fuels.
19	"(2) Extension for facilities producing
20	QUALIFIED FUEL FROM LANDFILL GAS.—
21	"(A) In GENERAL.—In the case of a facility
22	for producing qualified fuel from landfill gas
23	which was placed in service after June 30, 1998,
24	and before January 1, 2007, this section shall

1	apply to fuel produced at such facility during
2	the 5-year period beginning on the later of—
3	"(i) the date such facility was placed
4	in service, or
5	"(ii) the date of the enactment of this
6	subsection.
7	"(B) REDUCTION OF CREDIT FOR CERTAIN
8	LANDFILL FACILITIES.—In the case of a facility
9	to which paragraph (1) applies and which is
10	subject to the 1996 New Source Performance
11	Standards/Emmissions Guidelines of the Envi-
12	ronmental Protection Agency, subsection (a)(1)
13	shall be applied by substituting '\$2' for '\$3'.
14	"(3) Special rules.—In determining the
15	amount of credit allowable under this section solely
16	by reason of this subsection—
17	"(A) Daily limit.—The amount of quali-
18	fied fuels sold during any taxable year which
19	may be taken into account by reason of this sub-
20	section with respect to any project shall not ex-
21	ceed an average barrel-of-oil equivalent of
22	200,000 cubic feet of natural gas per day. Days
23	before the date the project is placed in service
24	shall not be taken into account in determining
25	such average.

1	"(B) Extension period to commence
2	WITH UNADJUSTED CREDIT AMOUNT.—In the
3	case of fuels sold during 2001 and 2002, the dol-
4	$lar\ amount\ applicable\ under\ subsection\ (a)(1)$
5	shall be $\$3$ (without regard to subsection $(b)(2)$ ).
6	In the case of fuels sold after 2002, subparagraph
7	(B) of subsection $(d)(2)$ shall be applied by sub-
8	stituting '2002' for '1979'.".
9	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
10	section shall apply to fuel sold after the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act.
12	SEC. 307. BUSINESS RELATED ENERGY CREDITS ALLOWED
13	AGAINST REGULAR AND MINIMUM TAX.
13 14	AGAINST REGULAR AND MINIMUM TAX.  (a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relat-
14	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relat-
14 15	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by
14 15 16	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by in-
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:  "(3) Special Rules for specified energy
114 115 116 117 118	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:  "(3) Special Rules for specified energy credits.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:  "(3) Special Rules for specified energy credits.—  "(A) In General.—In the case of specified
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Subsection (c) of section 38 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:  "(3) Special Rules for specified energy credits—  "(A) In General.—In the case of specified energy credits—

1	"(ii) in applying paragraph (1) to
2	such credits—
3	"(I) the tentative minimum tax
4	shall be treated as being zero, and
5	"(II) the limitation under para-
6	graph (1) (as modified by subclause
7	(I)) shall be reduced by the credit al-
8	lowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
9	able year (other than the specified en-
10	ergy credits).
11	"(B) Specified energy credits.—For
12	purposes of this subsection, the term 'specified
13	energy credits' means the credits determined
14	under sections 45G, 45H, 45I, 45J, and 45K.".
15	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Subclause (II) of sec-
16	tion 38(c)(2)(A)(ii) is amended by inserting "or the speci-
17	fied energy credits" after "employment credit".
18	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
19	section shall apply to taxable years ending after the date
20	of enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 308. TEMPORARY REPEAL OF ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM
22	TAX PREFERENCE FOR INTANGIBLE DRILL-
23	ING COSTS.
24	(a) In General.—Clause (ii) of section 57(a)(2)(E)
25	is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence:

- 1 "The preceding sentence shall not apply to taxable years
- 2 beginning after December 31, 2001, and before January 1,
- 3 2005.".
- 4 (b) Effective Dates.—The amendment made by this
- 5 section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
- 6 ber 31, 2001.
- 7 SEC. 309. ALLOWANCE OF ENHANCED RECOVERY CREDIT
- 8 AGAINST THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.
- 9 (a) In General.—Subparagraph (B) of section
- 10 38(c)(4) is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 11 sentence: "For taxable years beginning before January 1,
- 12 2005, such term includes the credit determined under sec-
- 13 tion 43."
- 14 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
- 15 section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
- 16 ber 31, 2001.
- 17 SEC. 310. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BENEFITS FOR ENERGY-
- 18 RELATED BUSINESSES ON INDIAN RESERVA-
- 19 **TIONS**.
- 20 (a) Depreciation for Property on Indian Res-
- 21 ERVATIONS.—Paragraph (8) of section 168(j) (relating to
- 22 termination) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 23 new sentence: "The preceding sentence shall be applied by
- 24 substituting 'December 31, 2006' for 'December 31, 2003'

1	in the case of property placed in service as part of a facility
2	for—
3	"(A) the generation or transmission of elec-
4	tricity (including from any qualified energy re-
5	source, as defined in section $45(c)$ ,
6	"(B) an oil or gas well,
7	"(C) the transmission or refining of oil or
8	gas, or
9	"(D) the production of any qualified fuel
10	(as defined in section $29(c)$ )."
11	(b) Employment of Indians.—Subsection (f) of sec-
12	tion 45A (relating to termination) is amended by adding
13	at the end the following new sentence: "The preceding sen-
14	tence shall be applied by substituting 'December 31, 2006'
15	for 'December 31, 2003' in the case of wages paid for serv-
16	ices performed at a facility described in section 168(j)(8)."

#### Union Calendar No. 93

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H.R. 2511

[Report No. 107-157]

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives to encourage energy conservation, energy reliability, and energy production.

July 24, 2001

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed